## A Choose the correct answer.

1. 49352 in words is
(A four hundred ninety thousand three hundred and fifty-two.
(B) forty-nine thousand three hundred and fifty-two.
(C) four thousand nine hundred thirty and five two.
(D) four nine three five two.
2. Which of the following digit 8 has the value of 8000 ?
(A 98034
(B 75380
(C) 32819
(D) 80745

3 Choose the correct pair.

|  | Even | Odd |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | 71 | 90 |
| (B) | 125 | 136 |
| (C) | 388 | 462 |
| (D) | 3644 | 7033 |
|  |  |  |

4 Round off 72963 to the nearest thousand.
(A 72000
(B) 72900
(C) 72960
(D 73000
(5) $86040 \div 12 \times 4=$
(A) 1793
(B) 2868
(C) 28680
(D) 1792
(6) $3 \frac{2}{5}+1 \frac{3}{4}-2 \frac{1}{10}=$
(A) $2 \frac{4}{5}$
(B) $2 \frac{1}{5}$
(C) $3 \frac{1}{4}$
(D) $3 \frac{1}{20}$
$75 \frac{2}{3}+\square=8 \frac{1}{3}$
(A) $1 \frac{1}{3}$
(B) $2 \frac{2}{3}$
(C) $3 \frac{1}{3}$
(D) $3 \frac{2}{3}$
$86 \frac{3}{4}$ of 96 is
(A) 72
(B) 576
C 634
(D) 648
(9) $90.874+56+102.34=$ $\qquad$
(A) 10.164
B 157.108
(C) 249.214
(D) 2492.14
(10) $360.8-217.645-\square=9.23$
(A 142.232
(B) 133.925
(C) 213.114
(D) 2467.355
(11) What is the percentage of 16 red balloons out of 40 balloons?
(A 8\%
(B) $16 \%$
(C $20 \%$
(D) 40\%
(12) Find the difference between the sum of RM26 758 and RM3I 075 with RMI9 846.
(A) RM77 679
(B RM57 833
(C) RM37 987
(D) RMI5 529
(13) What is the currency of the Great Britain?
(A Dollar
(B) Riyal
(C) Yen
(D) Pound Sterling

14 Which payment instrument is used to pay toll fares?
(A) Debit card
(B) Cheque
(C) Prepaid card
(D) Postal order

B Answer the following questions.

1. Rina has a number card.

## 80653

(a) State the place value of 8 .
(b) Partition the number according to its digit value.

2(a) 63 291, 31 962, 21369 , 19632,91263
Rearrange the numbers in:
i) ascending order.
© descending order.
(b) Round off 39318 to the nearest ten thousand.

3


Estimate the volume of liquid in glass B.
4.27 982, 28982 , 31982.
(a) Complete the number pattern above.
(b) State the number pattern above.

5 Write five even numbers between I00 to I20.

6 Write a number when rounded off to the nearest thousand becomes 60000 .
(7) Solve these.
(a) $837+90845=$
(b) $18000-2400=$
(c) $546 \times 42=$
(d) $24090 \times 37 \div 6=$

8 23921 $P$ Q 30675
The sum of the four numbers is 86590 . The value of $P$ is 1000 more than $Q$. What are the values of $\boldsymbol{P}$ and $\boldsymbol{Q}$ ?

9 (a Convert the improper fractions to mixed numbers.

$$
\text { i) } \frac{5}{3}=\square \quad \frac{19}{7}=
$$

(b) Convert the mixed numbers to improper fractions.

$$
\text { i) } 2 \frac{5}{9}=\square \text { - } 4 \frac{9}{10}=
$$

10. Calculate.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (a) } \frac{4}{7}+\frac{5}{7}= \\
& \text { (b) } 3 \frac{1}{5}+2+\frac{2}{3}=
\end{aligned}
$$

11 Find the difference between:
(a) $\frac{4}{7}$ and $\frac{5}{7}$.
(b) $6 \frac{3}{4}$ and $3 \frac{1}{2}$.
(12) Solve these.
(a) $6 \frac{1}{4}+1 \frac{3}{5}-\frac{1}{2}=$
(b) $3-1 \frac{1}{3}-\frac{5}{7}=$
(c) $12-7 \frac{5}{9}+\frac{2}{3}=$
(13) Complete the following number sentences.
(a) $\frac{4}{9}+\square=1 \frac{1}{3}$
(b) $-\frac{2}{5}=\frac{4}{5}$
(14) Solve these.
(a $487.2+32.09+5.638=$
(b) $100-7.32-35.861=$
(c) $79.001+\quad+3.94=83.201$
(d) $46.23-18-\quad=18.57$
(15) Calculate.
(a) $6.834 \times 100=$
(b) $5.273 \times 8=$
(c) $7082 \div 1000=$
(d) $211.86 \div 9=$
(16) State $\frac{3}{20}$ in percentage.

17 Convert $37 \%$ to fraction.
18. What is the percentage of 12 out of 80 cars?
(19) How much needs to be deducted in order to get RM20 500 from a total of RM35 086 and RM29 I47?

C Solve the following problems.
1 Din :My score in a competition is 18040 points. My score is 245 more than Sim's score.
Lan : The total score for the three of us is 37720 points.

Based on the conversation above:
a Calculate Sim's scores.
(b) Find the difference between Sim's and Lan's scores.

2 Father put 80 chilli saplings on 3 shelves each. After two months, the saplings were sold equally to 6 buyers. Do all the buyers get 60 saplings? Explain your answer.
3. A wholesaler puts 24000 oranges into several boxes. Each box contains 96 oranges.
a How many boxes are needed by the wholesaler?
b If the wholesaler has 200 boxes, how many oranges are there in each box?
4. Father saved his money through a salary deduction of 30 months. His savings amounted to RMIO 500. How much did he save every month?
(5) A grocery store made a profit of RMI5 600 which was divided equally among its 5 partners. How much does each partner receive?

6 Gopal, Bakhtiar, and Chong Han took part in a 35 km relay torch run. Gopal ran for 12.5 km and Bakhtiar ran for 10.82 km . How far did Chong Han run?

7 A tank can contain $10 \ell$ of water. Radin poured $4.5 \ell$ and $3.05 \ell$ of water into the tank. What is the volume of water, in $\ell$, needed to fill up the tank?
8. Wanie's mother had $2 \frac{1}{5} \mathrm{~kg}$ of flour. She used $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~kg}$ of flour to make shrimp fritters and $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~kg}$ to make doughnuts. How much flour, in kg , is leff?

9 Dina's company sold 13408 pairs of baju kurung. 9837 pairs were not sold.
(a) How many pairs of baju kurung were there initially?
(b) Puan Rosnani bought 24 pairs of baju kurung at RMI20 each. How much does Puan Rosnani need to pay in total?
10. Wafiq bought 10.2 kg of langsat. He gave some of the langsat to his neighbours. The mass of the langsat left was 3.8 kg .
a What was the mass of langsat given to his neighbours?
(b) The remainder of the langsat were tied into 8 equal bunches of similar mass. What is the mass of each bunch?
11. Rishi plans to buy a set of toys at the price of RMI55 within three months using his pocket money savings.
(a) What does Rishi need to do?
(b) Rishi saves RM3 every day. Will he achieve his goal?

## I2-HOUR AND 24-HOUR SYSTEMS



The I2-hour system uses a colon between the hour and the minute. The time of the day is also stated.


- Relate the use of the I2-hour system and the 24 -hour system in daily situations.
- Use a digital watch when introducing the I2-hour system and the 24-hour system.
- Instil virtues such as punctuality and time planning.
- Emphasise the need to specify a.m., p.m., morning, noon, evening, night, and midnight in the I2-hour system.


8:23 p.m.
 2023 hours

Which of the time displayed is in the 24-hour system?


12-hour system and 24-hour


## FACTS AT A GLANCE

a.m. means ante meridiem. Time represented as a.m. is after midnight until before noon.
p.m. means post meridiem. Time represented as p.m. is after noon until before midnight.

4 Convert time to the 24 -hour system.


I2:01 a.m. to I2:59 p.m.
How to write:

- Write 2 digits for the hour unit.
- The minute digits remain.
- Write "hours" after the numerals.


## I:00 p.m. to II:59 p.m.

How to write:

- Add I2 hours to the hour digits.
- The minute digits remain.
- Write "hours" after the numerals.
(b) $10: 40$ p.m. $=$
hour minute

$+$| 10 | 40 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 12 | 00 |
| 22 | 40 |

10:40 p.m. $=2240$ hours

5 State 0825 hours in the I2-hour system.
(a) 0825 hours $=$

24-hour system 0825 hours

12-hour system colon time

0825 hours $=8: 25$ a.m.

## 000 l hours to 1159 hours

How to write:

- Write a colon between the hour and minute digits.
- Write "a.m.".


## I20I hours to I259 hours

How to write:

- Write a colon between the hour and minute digits.
- Write "p.m.".

- Use a digital watch as teaching aid. Stress on how to write time in the 24 -hour system correctly.
- Introduce the relation between the use of morning, noon, evening, night, and midnight.
- Use daily situations such as bus and ferry schedules.
(b) 1545 hours $=$


1545 hours $=3: 45$ p.m.


## I 300 hours to 2359 hours

## How to write:

- Subtract I2 hours from the hour digits.
- Write "p.m.".

Which time is correct for 12:10 in the morning?

## 010 hours 00:10 hours 0010 hours 12:10 a.m.

## ON BHOLOBATHON

## Task Card

Write a short story about a trip to the village by stating the time in the 24 -hour system.

| A DAY AT KAMPUNG MELUR |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| q:10 in the morning | depart for the village |
| I1:40 in the morning | arrive at the village |
| 3:30 in the afternoon | fishing at the river |
| $5: 00$ in the evening | to the orchard |
| $8: 00$ in the evening | packing up |
| 8:30 in the evening | depart for home |

## Tools/Mojeriols Task card,

 stationery, and display paper. 3 pupils in a group.
## Method

Take a task card, stationery, and white paper.
2 Complete the task in 15 minutes.
3 Present your group work.

## 

Convert the time below to the 24-hour system.
(a) 3:45 in the morning
(b) II:24 a.m.
(c) 6:10 a.m.
(d) 10:30 in the evening
(e) 2:48 p.m.
(f) II:46 p.m.

2 State the following time in the 12 -hour system.
a 0120 hours
b 1047 hours
(c) 1450 hours
(d) 1616 hours
(e) 0005 hours
(f) 2359 hours

## DURATION

1. We played football from 10:05 in the morning until I0:50 in the morning.

State the duration they played football.


They played football for 45 minutes.


How long did mother take to sew the baju kurung?

I hour I hour


1400 hours 1500 hours 1600 hours Mother took 2 hours to sew the baju kurung.

3 Calculate the duration of the gotong-royong from start to finish.

| GOTONG-ROYONG PERDANA |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Time | Activity |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 7:40 a.m. } \\ & \text { 8:10 a.m. } \\ & \text { I 1:40 a.m. } \end{aligned}$ | Assembly and briefing <br> Gotong-royong in zones <br> End of gotong-royong and refreshments |

Method I $=1$
Method

8:10 a.m. $\quad$ : 10 a.m. $\quad 10: 10$ a.m. $\quad 11: 10$ a.m. $\quad 11: 40$ a.m.


The duration of the gotong-royong is 3 hours 30 minutes.
hour minute

$-$| 11 | 40 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 8 | 10 |
| 3 | 30 |

- Discuss the connection of duration with the movements of the minute and second hands, and the hour and minute hands.

4 Father works from 7:30 in the morning to 5:00 in the evening. Calculate father's duration of work.

## Method 1

7:30 a.m.


Father's duration of work is 9 hours 30 minutes.

## Sayangi Malaysiaku Day Schedule

| Time | Event |
| :--- | :--- |
| $8: 15-8: 45$ in the morning | Uniform Units Parade |
| $8: 45-9: 00$ in the morning | Headmaster's Speech |
| $9: 00-9: 30$ in the morning | Aerobics |
| $9: 30-11: 30$ in the morning | Patriotic Song/Colouring Contest |
| $11: 30$ in the morning -  <br> $12: 30$ in the afternoon Prize Giving Ceremony |  |

Which
activity

## DIESV 1 OUBSELI

State the duration from:
a 10:15 a.m. to 10:35 a.m.
(b) 4:40 p.m. to 6:40 p.m.
2) Calculate the duration.

| Start time | End time |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0920 hours | I850 hours |
| 6:25 in the evening | II:05 at night |

3 Andy goes to school from 0740 hours to I 310 hours. What is the duration of Andy's schooling?

## TIME ESTIMATION



Travelling distance for 100 km takes I hour.
What is the estimated time taken to reach Melaka?


The estimated time taken to reach Melaka is about I hour.

2. Estimate the time taken to label 250 bottles of chilli sauce.


30 minutes $=60$ bottles

250 bottles

| 60 <br> bottles | 60 <br> bottles | 60 <br> bottles | 60 <br> bottles | 50 <br> bottles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 <br> minutes | 30 <br> minutes | 30 <br> minutes | 30 <br> minutes | $?$ |
| minutes |  |  |  |  |

The estimated time taken to label 250 bottles of chilli sauce is more than 120 minutes.

## PEST

 NOUREELF1. Puan Aina packs 300 packets of crisps in about 5 hours. Calculate the estimated time taken to pack:
(a) 2100 packets.
(b) 150 packets.
2. My brother made two origami cranes in about 10 minutes. Estimate the time taken to make:
(a) 10 origami cranes. (b 15 origami cranes.


- Stress that approximation of time is not a proportion concept.
- Ask pupils to explore Google Maps application to see the relation between distance and time to go to a place.
- Accept reasonable answers from pupils for estimation.


## RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MILLENIUM, CENTURIES, DECADES, AND YEARS



## DEESY LOUBSELF

Complete these.
(a) I decade = $\square$ years
(b) I century $=\square$ years
(c) I millenium $=\square$ years

## CONVERSION OF UNITS OF TIME

## A HOURS AND DAYS

1 Jayveson Panting and his family went for a holiday in Lahad Datu for 3 days. State 3 days in hours.

| 3 days | $=\square$ hours |
| ---: | :--- |
| 3 days | $=3 \times 24$ hours |
|  | $=72$ hours |
| 3 days | $=72$ hours |



## WELCOME TO LAHAD DATU DISTRICT

1 day $=24$ hours

## 2 FACTS AT A GLANCE

The astronaut Sheikh Muszaphar was at the International Space Station (ISS) for 10 days 21 hours.

Source: https://ms.wikipedia.org/wiki/ Sheikh_Muszaphar_Shukor


Calculate the total hours he was at ISS.

10 days 21 hours = hours
10 days $=10 \times 24$ hours $=240$ hours

240 hours
+21 hours
261 hours

10 days 21 hours $=261$ hours

| (3) 36 hours $=\square$ day $\square$ hours | (4) 180 hours $=\square$ days $\square$ hours |
| :---: | :---: |
| 36 hours = 24 hours +12 hours | $7 \longdiv { \text { days } }$ |
| $=1$ day 12 hours | $\begin{aligned} & 2 4 \longdiv { 1 8 0 } \text { hours } \\ & -168 \end{aligned}$ |
| 36 hours = 1 day 12 hours | 12 hours |
|  | 180 hours = 7 days 12 hours |

- Surf https://ms.calcprofi.com/time-converter.html to check the conversion of days to hours and vice versa.


## B DAYS AND WEEKS.

1. Year 4 Marikh pupils were given 4 weeks in the month of March to complete the anti-drug mural. State the number of days taken.
4 weeks = $\square$ days

## Method 2



4 weeks
$=4 \times 7$ days
$=28$ days


4 weeks = 28 days
2. Convert 56 days to weeks.

56 days = weeks
$7 \longdiv { 5 6 }$ weeks
$-56$
56 days $=8$ weeks

| MID-YEAR BREAK |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24.05 .2019 | 08.06 .2019 | I6 days |

What is the duration, in weeks and days, for the mid-year break above?
$\square$

## Method 1

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
\text { Method } & \\
\begin{array}{rlr}
16 \text { days } & =7 \text { days }+7 \text { days }+2 \text { days } \\
& =1 \text { week }+1 \text { week }+2 \text { days } & \\
& =2 \text { weeks } 2 \text { days } & 7 \longdiv { 1 6 } \text { weeks } \\
16 \text { days } & =2 \text { weeks } 2 \text { days } & \\
\hline
\end{array} & \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

## C. MONTHS AND YEARS

1) facts at a glance

> The duration of the construction of Kuala Lumpur Tower until its official opening is 5 years.

Source: https://www.menarakl.com.my/the-tower/history
How many months did the construction of the Kuala Lumpur Tower take until its official opening?

5 years $=\square$ months

$$
\begin{array}{rlr}
5 \text { years } & =5 \times 12 \text { months } \quad 12 \text { months } \\
& =60 \text { months } \quad \times \quad 5 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

5 years $=60$ months
The duration of the construction of the Kuala Lumpur Tower until its official opening is $\mathbf{6 0}$ months.


2 FACTS AT A GLANCE

## An Asian elephant can live

 to 840 months.Source: 6000 AWESOME FACTS, page Iq4.
Calculate the age of the elephant in years.
840 months = years

$1 2 \longdiv { 8 4 0 }$ years

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-84 \\
\hline 00 \\
-\quad 0 \\
\hline 0
\end{array}
$$

840 months $=70$ years
The elephant's age is 70 years.
(3) Convert 172 months to years and months.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 172 \text { months }=\text { years months } \\
& \qquad \begin{array}{r}
1 2 \longdiv { 1 7 2 } \text { years months } \\
\frac{-12}{52} \\
\frac{-48}{4} \text { months } \\
172 \text { months }=14 \text { years } 4 \text { months } \\
\text { Yong Fatt is } 10 \text { years } \\
2 \text { months old. Calculate } \\
\text { his age in months. }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

- Surf https://www.parlimen.gov.my/yda-senarai-yang-di-pertuan-agong.html? uweb=yg\& and calculate the duration of governance of each Yang di-Pertuan Agong of Malaysia.


## D YEARS, DECADES, AND CENTURIES

1. FACTS AT A GLANCE

In 2019, the Petronas Twin Towers was 23 years old since its construction was completed.

Source: https://www.petronastwintowers.com.my/about\#history
Convert 23 years to decades and years.


23 years = 2 decades 3 years



2 centuries 7 years $=207$ years

44 centuries 8 decades $=\square$ years

$$
\begin{aligned}
4 \text { centuries } & =4 \times 100 \text { years } \\
& =400 \text { years }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
8 \text { decades } & =8 \times 10 \text { years } \\
& =80 \text { years }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
400 \text { years }
$$

$$
+\quad 80 \text { years }
$$

$$
480 \text { years }
$$

$$
4 \text { centuries } 8 \text { decades }=480 \text { years }
$$

## BON BROLOBATHON TIME CALCULATOR

Maternols MS Excel software.
Pariticiparis 3 pupils in a group.
Meinod
1 Scan the QR code to learn how to make a time calculator.


2 Make a time calculator for your group.

## AIESU VOURSELF

1 Complete these.


2


The Inscribed Stone of Terengganu is 715 years old. State the age of the stone in:
a decades and years. (b centuries and years.
Source: https://www.bharian.com.my/rencanasastera/2018/05/ 424558/batu-bersurat-terengganu-asas-peradaban-melayu-islam

3 Taman Maju Daya construction project is expected to be completed in 30 months. State the duration in years and months.

4 Each human's eyelash will drop and regrow every 90 days alternately. State the duration in weeks and days.
Source: https://www.telegraph.co.uk/news/science/science-news/60345I0/Longer-eyelashes-without-mascara-thanks-to-scientific-breakthrough.html

## ADDITION OF TIME

1 Father completed three custom made chicken coops in different durations.

(a) What is the total time taken to build chicken coops A and B ? 3 days 4 hours +2 days 9 hours $=\square$ days $\square$ hours

| day | hour |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 4 |
| $+\quad 2$ | 9 |
| 5 | 13 |

3 days 4 hours + 2 days 9 hours = 5 days 13 hours
The total time taken to build chicken coops $A$ and $B$ is 5 days $I 3$ hours.
(b) Calculate the total time taken to build the three coops.

3 days 4 hours + 2 days 9 hours + 1 day 12 hours = days hours


3 days 4 hours +2 days 9 hours +1 day 12 hours = 7 days 1 hours The total time taken to build the three coops is 7 days I hour.

Calculate the time taken to build coops A and C .


2 Read the information given. State the total time taken by Hakimi, in weeks and days, to read all the books.

Time Taken for Hakimi to Read Books

| Book | Time |
| :---: | :--- |
| A | 4 weeks 5 days |
| B | 6 days |
| C | 2 weeks 4 days |

4 weeks 5 days +6 days +2 weeks 4 days $=$ $\square$ weeks day

| week | day |
| ---: | ---: |
| 4 | 5 |
| $+\quad 2$ | 6 |
| $+\quad 4$ | 15 |
| 6 | -14 |
| 8 | 1 |



4 weeks 5 days +6 days +2 weeks 4 days $=8$ weeks 1 day Hakimi reads all the books in 8 weeks I day.


Did Hakimi take 33 days to read book A? Discuss.

3 I year 9 months +3 years 4 months $=\square$ years $\square$ month

| year | month |
| ---: | :---: |
| 1 | 9 |
| $+\quad 3$ | 4 |
| 4 | 13 |

4 years 13 months $=4$ years +12 months +1 month $=4$ years +1 year +1 month $=5$ years 1 month

1 year 9 months +3 years 4 months $=5$ years 1 month

- Ask pupils to jot down conversion of units of time first before carrying out the operations.
- Relate with scientific knowledge such as plant growth, planting process, and animal growth period.

45 decades 4 years +2 decades 9 years +42 years $=\square$ decades $\square$ years

| decade | year | deca | year | 5 decade |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 4 | 7 | 13 | $1 0 \longdiv { 5 5 }$ years |
| 2 | 9 | + | 42 | -50 |
| 7 | 13 | 7 |  | 5 years |

$$
\begin{aligned}
7 \text { decades } 55 \text { years } & =7 \text { decades }+5 \text { decades }+5 \text { years } \\
& =12 \text { decades }+5 \text { years }
\end{aligned}
$$

5 decades 4 years +2 decades 9 years +42 years $=12$ decades 5 years
5


126 years +92 years +110 years $=3$ centuries 28 years

Calculate.
(a) 3 days 15 hours +4 days 10 hours $=\square$ days $\square$ hours
(b) 9 weeks 6 days +9 days $=\square$ weeks $\square$ days
(c) 7 years 8 months +5 years 10 months $=\square$ years $\square$ months
(d) 4 days 10 hours +20 hours +2 days 12 hours $=\square$ days $\square$ hours
(e) 7 weeks 5 days +15 days +3 weeks 4 days $=\square$ weeks $\square$ days
(f 29 months +9 years 10 months +6 years 4 months $=\square$ years months
(g 8 decades 7 years +23 years $=\square$ decades $\square$ years
(h) 4 centuries +32 years +1 century 5 years $=\square$ centuries $\square$ years

- Enhance pupils' mastery by asking questions that involve unit conversion and regrouping related to scientific knowledge such as life span and growth.
- Carry out group activity with each group getting different questions. Ask each group to present their work.


## SUBTRACTION OF TIME



I visited both states in 6 days.


1. How long was Nancy in Sabah?

$$
6 \text { days }-3 \text { days } 4 \text { hours }=\square \text { days } \square \text { hours }
$$

## Convert I day <br> day hour

 to 24 hours to subtract the unit of hours.| 5 | 24 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 6 | 0 |
| $-\quad 3 \quad 4$ |  |
| 2 | 20 |

6 days -3 days 4 hours $=2$ days 20 hours
2 4 days 2 hours - I day 16 hours -1 day 9 hours $=\square$ hours day hour day hour


$$
\begin{aligned}
\mid \text { day } \mid \text { hour } & =24 \text { hours }+\mid \text { hour } \\
& =25 \text { hours }
\end{aligned}
$$

4 days 2 hours -1 day 16 hours -1 day 9 hours = 25 hours

(3) 5 weeks 2 days -6 days $=\square$ weeks $\square$ days


5 weeks 2 days -6 days $=4$ weeks 3 days
48 weeks -6 weeks 2 days -5 days $=\square$ days


8 weeks -6 weeks 2 days -5 days $=7$ days
5. 10 years 7 months -1 year 9 months $=\square$ years $\square$ months


10 years 7 months -1 year 9 months $=8$ years 10 months


- Surf http://www.aaamath.com/g5_tsbdh.htm for additional activity.

620 decades 3 years -4 years -5 decades 8 years $=\square$ decades year
Convert I decade to 10 years.
10 years + 3 years $=13$ years

| decade | year | decade |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 20 | 13 3 4 | decade | year |
| - | 4 | - 5 | 8 |
| 19 | 9 | 14 | I |

20 decades 3 years -4 years - 5 decades 8 years
= 14 decades 1 year
7. 3 centuries 20 years - I century 36 years = $\square$ century years century year

| 2 | 120 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 20 |
| $-\quad 1$ | 36 |
| 1 | 84 |

Convert I century to 100 years. 100 years +20 years $=120$ years

3 centuries 20 years -1 century 36 years $=1$ century 84 years

## DIESU NOURSELF

Calculate.
a 9 days 4 hours -3 days 8 hours $=\square$ days $\square$ hours
(b) 5 weeks -2 weeks 6 days $=\square$ days
c 7 years 1 month -4 years 8 months $=\square$ years months
(d 3 centuries 34 years -1 century 56 years $=\quad$ centuries years
(e) 5 days -2 days 6 hours -1 day 15 hours $=\square$ hours
(f) 8 weeks 4 days -1 week 5 days -27 days $=\square$ weeks $\square$ days
g 90 months -2 years 6 months -3 years $=\square$ years $\square$ months
(h) 13 decades 4 years -9 years -2 decades 7 years $=\square$ decades $\square$ years
(i) 10 centuries 27 years -68 years -3 centuries 19 years $=\square$ centuries years

- Encourage pupils to check their answers using the time calculator in websites such as https://www.timeanddate.com/date/dateadd.html


## MULTIPLICATION OF TIME



What is the time taken, in days and hours, to alter 9 pieces of similar clothes?

$$
9 \times 3 \text { hours }=\square \text { day } \square \text { hours }
$$

| 3 hours |
| :--- |
| $\times \quad 9$ |
| 27 hours |
| $9 \times 3$ hours | $\int \frac{-27 \text { hours }}{\frac{-24 \text { hours }}{3 \text { hours }}}$ Iday 3 hours

Time taken to alter 9 pieces of similar clothes is I day 3 hours.
Discuss other methods to solve the calculation above.
2. State in days, the duration of the 3 phases of the camp training the Scouts undergo.
$3 \times 2$ days 8 hours $=\square$ days


The Girl Guides are involved in 2 similar phases of camp training. How long, in hours, is the Girl Guides camp training?

$3 \times 2$ days 8 hours $=7$ days
The duration of the 3 phases of camp training is 7 days.

(3) Multiply 2 weeks 4 days by 8 .
$8 \times 2$ weeks 4 days $=\square$ days

## Method



2 weeks 4 days
= I week + I week + 4 days
$=7$ days +7 days +4 days
$=14$ days +4 days
$=18$ days

| 6 |
| ---: |
| 18 days |
| $\times \quad 8$ |
| 144 days |

$8 \times 2$ weeks 4 days $=144$ days

4. $5 \times 16$ months $=$ $\square$ years $\square$ months

| 3 |
| ---: |
| $\times \quad 5$ months |
| $\times \quad 5$ |
| 80 months |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 \text { years } \\
& 1 2 \longdiv { 8 0 } \text { months } \\
& -72 \\
& \hline 8 \text { months }
\end{aligned}
$$



State the answer for $4 \times 10$ years 7 months in years and months.
$5 \times 16$ months $=6$ years 8 months
5. $10 \times 3$ decades 7 years $=\square$ decades decade year
$3 \quad 7$

| 10 |
| ---: |
| $\times \quad 30 \quad 70$ |
| $+\quad 7 \quad-70$ |
| 37 |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10 \text { years }=1 \text { decade } \\
& 70 \text { years }=7 \text { decades }
\end{aligned}
$$

$10 \times 3$ decades 7 years $=37$ decades
(6) $21 \times 9$ years $=\square$ century years

| 21 |
| ---: |
| $\times \quad 9$ years |
| 189 years |


$21 \times 9$ years $=1$ century 89 years


## MEESN NOURSELF

(1) Calculate.


2 (a Multiply 8 by 2 weeks I day. Give the answer in weeks and days.
(b) 12 decades 7 years is multiplied by 4 . Write the answer in decades and years.

- Emphasise to pupils to do conversion of units correctly.
- Discuss the Mind Teaser questions with pupils. Ask pupils to justify their
- Provide more exercises in the form of worksheets.


## DIVISION OF TIME

1
What is the duration, in hours, for one phase of archery training if the duration for each phase is the same?

$\frac{-12}{0} \quad \frac{-9}{0}$
$=99$ hours
12 days 9 hours $\div 3=99$ hours


How long was the book sale held, in days and hours?

$$
60 \text { hours } \div 24=\square \text { days } \square \text { hours }
$$



2 days

60 hours $\div 24=2$ days 12 hours
(3) 10 weeks $\div 7=\square$ week $\square$ days
I week 3 days
$7 \longdiv { 1 0 \text { weeks } 0 \text { days } }$

| $-\frac{7}{3}$ |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\frac{+21}{21}$ |  |
|  | 3 weeks $=3 \times 7$ days <br>  $=21$ days | $\begin{array}{r}-21 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$

10 weeks $\div 7=1$ week 3 days


Expose pupils to other methods of calculation such as converting the units first before performing the division.
4. 9 years 4 months $\div 7=\square$ year $\square$ months

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
1 \text { year } & 4 \text { months } \\
7 \longdiv { 9 } \text { years } & 4 \text { months } \\
-7 \\
\frac{-7}{2} & \frac{24}{28} \\
\frac{-28}{0}
\end{array}
$$

9 years 4 months $\div 7=1$ year 4 months


22 years $\div 4=\square$ years $\square$ months
$4 \longdiv { 2 2 \text { years } \quad 5 \text { months } } 0$ months

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\frac{-20}{2} \\
-\frac{+20}{20} \\
-20
\end{array}
$$

5. 10 decades 8 years $\div 12=\square$ years

$$
\begin{aligned}
10 \text { decades } & =10 \times 10 \text { years } \\
& =100 \text { years } \\
10 \text { decades } 8 \text { years } & =100 \text { years }+8 \text { years } \\
& =108 \text { years }
\end{aligned}
$$

9 years
$1 2 \longdiv { 1 0 8 \text { years } }$
$\frac{-108}{0}$

10 decades 8 years $\div 12=9$ years
Which is the correct answer for 32 decades divided by 5 ?


64 years

- Vary the calculation methods.
- Carry out group activity and prepare different question cards for each group.

6. 21 centuries 12 years $\div 6=\square$ centuries $\square$ years


21 centuries 12 years $\div 6=3$ centuries 52 years

73 centuries 4 years $\div 8=$ $\square$ years


3 centuries 4 years $\div 8=38$ years

centuries $\div 4$
$=5$ centuries 25 years

1 Calculate the quotient.
(a 21 days 4 hours $\div 4=\square$ days hours
(b) 33 weeks 3 days $\div 6=\square$ weeks $\square$ days
(c) 25 years 4 months $\div 8=\square$ years $\square$ months
(d) 16 centuries 30 years $\div 5=\square$ centuries $\square$ years
(e) 50 days $\div 16=$ hours
(f) 58 decades 5 years $\div 15=\square$ decades years

2 How long is the time taken, in days and hours, to complete one shoe rack?

| Number of <br> shoe rack | Time taken <br> to complete |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 15 days |

## SOLVE THE PROBLEMS

Amer and his family boarded a plane to destination $A$ and then to destination B. Were Amir and his family on the plane for more than 6 hours?
departure time 1035 hours arrival time I3IO hours

Destination B
departure time 1615 hours arrival time 2020 hours

## Understand the problem.

| Destination | A | B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Departure time | 1035 hours | 1615 hours |
| Arrival time | 1310 hours | 2020 hours |

Determine whether the duration on the plane is more than 6 hours.


Duration is the difference between the departure time and arrival time.


## Solve

| duration A |  | duration B |  | total duration |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hour | minute | hour | minute | hour | minute |
| 12 | 70 | 20 | 20 | 2 | 35 |
| 13 | 10 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } 16 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5 |
| - 10 | 35 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 40 |
| 2 | 35 |  |  |  |  |

The total flight duration of 6 hours 40 minutes is more than 6 hours.


2 Supardi, Mahendran, and Yee Shin managed to collect I 000 icons respectively, in different duration from friends in the social media.
a Calculate the duration taken by Mahendran.
b What is the difference between the duration taken by Yee Shin and Mahendran?

| 1000 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Supardi | 20 weeks <br> 2 days |
| Mahendran | 9 days later <br> compared to <br> Supardi |
| Yee Shin | 18 weeks <br> 6 days |

## Solve

(a 20 weeks 2 days +9 days $=\square$ weeks days

| week | day |
| ---: | ---: |
| 20 | 2 |
| $+\quad$ | 9 |
| 20 | 11 |
| $+\quad 1$ | -7 |
| 21 | 4 |

20 weeks 2 days +9 days $=21$ weeks 4 days
The duration taken by Mahendran is 21 weeks 4 days.
(b) 21 weeks 4 days -18 weeks 6 days $=\square$ weeks $\square$ days

| week | day |
| ---: | ---: |
| 20 | 11 |
| 21 | 44 |
| $-\quad 18$ | 6 |
| 2 | 5 |

21 weeks 4 days -18 weeks 6 days = 2 weeks 5 days
The difference between the duration taken by Yee Shin and Mahendran is 2 weeks 5 days.

Does Supardi take 15 days more compared to Yee Shin?

- Ask pupils to check the answers using the inverse operation.
- Use a different calculation method (convert number of weeks to number of days) as an alternative.
- Instil moral values such as self-discipline, appreciating time, and using social media and technology ethically with parental guidance.

$2 \times 9$ years 5 months $=18$ years 10 months
Yes, her brother's age is twice Ayu's age.
What is the age difference between Ayu and her mother?
- Instil moral values such as love, respecting the elderly, and to be considerate.
- Ask pupils to use basic family information to solve problems involving age.

1 Jarjit and his family boarded a ferry from Kuala Perlis to Langkawi at I330 hours. State the time in the 12-hour system.


2 The table shows a schedule for History Research Work by a group of Year 4 Intelek pupils. The research is completed in 5 weeks. What is the duration for writing the report?

$\left.$| History Research |
| :--- |
| Particular |
| Discussion and <br> task distribution |
| Find days |
| Finformation |
| Write report | | 2 weeks |
| :--- |
| 6 days | \right\rvert\, |  |
| :--- |

## 3. Indah Construction Company Housing Project

| Project | Duration |
| :---: | :---: |
| Garden A | 3 years IO months |
| Garden B | 3 years 2 months |
| Garden C | 3 years I month |

A company is constructing three housing projects as shown in the table. Calculate the duration for all the projects to be completed.

4 Hairi's mother works 8 hours and 30 minutes daily. Calculate the duration, in hours and minutes, his mother works in 20 days.

5 Neeta and Chin were assigned to three ASEAN countries for 32 days.
(a) How many weeks and days were they in the Philippines?
(b) Calculate the difference in duration, in days, when they were in Cambodia and Brunei.


6The 5 phases of construction of a business complex takes 4 years and 7 months. Each construction phase has the same duration for completion. What is the duration, in months, for each construction phase?

[^0]
## SECRET CODE

Answer the questions. Fill in the letters that represent the answers in the green box according to the question number to get the keyword.

I I year 4 months + 7 months = $\square$
25 hours 55 minutes -3 hours 5 minutes $=$ $\square$
3 $4 \times 25$ years $=$
4108 years $\div 6=$
5. 3 years 4 months +2 years 8 months +46 months $=$

620 weeks -9 weeks 6 days - I week 2 days =
$78 \times 2$ days 5 hours $=$ $\square$
8235 years +281 years $=$ -
9) 13 hours 40 minutes $\div 4=$

10100 days -48 days -3 weeks I day =

answer cards

| $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 hours <br> 50 minutes | 100 <br> years |
| $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ |
| 18 years | 8 weeks <br> 6 days |


| Y | S |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 weeks 2 days | 5 centuries 16 years |
| u | A |
| 3 hours 25 minutes | I year <br> II months |
| L | N |
| 9 years | 17 days |
| 10 months | 16 hours |


| Y | S |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 weeks 2 days | 5 centuries 16 years |
| u | A |
| 3 hours 25 minutes | I year <br> II months |
| L | N |
| 9 years | 17 days |
| 10 months | 16 hours |

## KEYWORD

| 8 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 6 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 10 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## MIND CHALLENGE.

1) Write the time in the 24 -hour system.
(a) $8: 45$ a.m. (b) $10: 20 \mathrm{p.m}$. (c $3: 55$ in the morning (d $11: 33$ at night
2. State the time in the I2-hour system.
(a 0615 hours
(b) 1110 hours
(c) 1612 hours
(d) 2255 hours

3 Andrea Guardini won the first stage of the Le Tour de Langkawi 2018. He started cycling at $I 030$ hours and finished at $I 359$ hours. Calculate the duration he cycled.
Source: http://www.cyclingnews.com/races/le-tour-de-langkawi-20I8/stage-I/results/
4 Father rides a motorcycle at 60 km per hour. Estimate the time taken to reach his workplace 30 km away.
5. Convert the time to the units stated.
(a) 52 hours $=\square$ days hours (b) 3 days 10 hours $=\square$ hours
(c) 46 days $=$ weeks days (d 10 weeks 4 days $=\square$ days
(e) 26 months $=$ years months (f) 5 years 8 months $=\square$ months
(g) 5 decades 9 years $=\square$ years (h) 172 years $=\square$ century years

6 Pavitra went for a holiday in Bako National Park, Sarawak for 2 days 12 hours. State the duration, in hours, when she was there.
7. Datuk Azhar Mansor sailed around the world solo in 27 weeks I day in I999. State the duration in days.
Source: hthps://www.pnm.gov.my/yangpertama/Sohor_Azhar.htm.
8 Calculate.
(a) 2 days 18 hours +4 days 9 hours $=\square$ hours
(b) 10 weeks 4 days +5 weeks 3 days +6 days $=\square$ weeks days
(c) 11 months +3 years 8 months +10 months $=\square$ years $\square$ months
(d) 12 decades 7 years +9 years +6 decades 8 years $=\square$ years
(e) 10 days 7 hours -3 hours -3 days 15 hours $=\square$ days hours
(f) 6 weeks -3 weeks 6 days $=\square$ weeks days
(g) 20 years -15 years 2 months $=\square$ months
(h) 3 centuries 51 years -2 centuries 74 years $=\square$ years
(a) Solve these.
(a) $5 \times 3$ days 12 hours $=\square$ days $\square$ hours
(b) $8 \times 9$ days $=\square$ weeks days
(c) $10 \times 2$ years 5 months $=\square$ years $\square$ months
(d $3 \times 5$ centuries 6 years $=\square$ centuries years
(e) 10 days 16 hours $\div 4=\square$ days $\square$ hours
(f) 34 years $\div 8=\square$ years $\square$ months
(g 9 decades 1 year $\div 7=\square$ decade $\square$ years
(h) 215 years $\div 5=\square$ decades $\square$ years
(10) Solve the problems.
(a) Wan and Helmi went for a holiday for 2 weeks. Wan was at Kenyir Lake for I week 2 days and the remaining time at the National Park, Pahang. Helmi, on the other hand went for a holiday at Banding Lake for 6 days and spent the remaining time at the National Park, Pahang.
i How long, in hours, was Wan at Kenyir Lake?
ii) Calculate the difference, in days, that Wan and Helmi spent at the National Park, Pahang.

(b) Ben Long is 10 years 2 months old. His brother is 23 years 5 months old. His sister is 2 years 4 months younger than his brother.
(i) How old is his sister?
i1. What is the age difference between Ben Long and his brother?
(c The diagram shows the journey of Aiman's family to Perhentian Island. They arrived at Sultan Ismail Petra Airport at II45 hours.

i) State the time they reached Kuala Besut Jetty in the 12 -hour system.
ii They took a break for I hour and 15 minutes at the jetty before taking a ferry to the island. At what time will they reach Perhentian Island?
曾 Calculate the total time taken by the family to arrive at Perhentian Island.
(d) Father is 38 years old. Grandfather's age is twice father's age. Father's age is 4 times my age.

What is grandfather's age in decades and years?
ii) Is my age 9 years 2 months? Show the calculation.


The length of the wick is 150 mm .

The symbol for millimetre is mm . Millimetre is used to measure small or short objects.
 Give an example of another object which is measured in mm .


- Ask pupils to find objects around the classroom which are measured in mm .
- Discuss a daily situation involving length measurement. For example, the measurement of the growth of a chilli plant in a science experiment.
- Explain the method of hydroponic planting to pupils.


A distance of 1 km is equal tol 000 m .

The symbol for kilometre is km . Kilometre is used to measure the distance between two places that are far apart.
(C The length of Light Rapid Transit 3 (LRT 3) route.


## FACTS AT A GLANCE

$10 \mathrm{~cm}=1$ decimetre
$10 \mathrm{~m}=1$ decametre

State the measurements using the symbols.

## a Anis and Harjit joined the 3-kilometre Seronoknya Membaca Run.

3 kilometres is written as $\square$
(b The distance of Kajang to Sungai Buloh MRT line is 51 kilometres.

5 kilometres is written as

c


- Use Google Maps application to get the distance between two places.


## MEASURE LENGTHS OF OBJECTS

## 2 <br>  <br> The length of the hair clip is

 $\begin{array}{llllllll}0 \mathrm{~mm} 10 & 20 & 30 & 40 & 50 & 60 & 70 & 80\end{array}$
$\square$ The length of the paper clip is $\square$



1. State the measurement of the objects. a

b
 mm

2 Measure the length of these objects using a ruler.
a envelope
(b) key
(c) RMIO banknote

## RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN CENTIMETRE AND MILLIMETRE




$40 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm}$
$40 \mathrm{~mm}=40 \div 10$
$=4 \mathrm{~cm}$
$40 \mathrm{~mm}=4 \mathrm{~cm}$
(4) $19 \mathrm{~cm} 7 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$
$19 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{7mm}=190 \mathrm{~mm}+7 \mathrm{~mm}$

$$
=197 \mathrm{~mm}
$$

$19 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{7mm}=197 \mathrm{~mm}$


Convert 68 mm to cm and mm .


Complete these.

| (a $8 \mathrm{~cm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$ | (b) $120 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| (c $75 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm}$ |  |
| (e $13 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$ | (d $3 \mathrm{~cm} 4 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$ |
| (f $495 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm}$ |  |

## RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN KILOMETRE AND METRE



$$
\text { (2. } \begin{aligned}
3 \mathrm{~km} & =\mathrm{m} \\
3 \mathrm{~km} & =3 \times 1000 \\
& =3000 \mathrm{~m} \\
3 \mathrm{~km} & =3000 \mathrm{~m}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { (4) } 6 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{743} \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{m}
$$

$$
6 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{743} \mathrm{~m}=6000 \mathrm{~m}+743 \mathrm{~m}
$$

$$
=6743 \mathrm{~m}
$$

$$
6 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{743} \mathrm{~m}=6743 \mathrm{~m}
$$



## ESY 10 OURSE

## Complete these.



## ESTIMATION OF DISTANCE

The distance from Kuantan
to Pekan is 46 km .

Beserah to Pekan is 46 km .

# (be) OBeserah 


a What is the estimated distance from Kuantan to Chenor?


The estimated distance from Kuantan to Chenor is about 2 times the distance from Kuantan to Pekan.
The estimated distance from Kuantan to Chenor is about 92 km .
b State the estimated distance from Kuantan to Beserah.


The estimated distance from Kuantan to Beserah is approximately half the distance from Kuantan to Pekan.
The estimated distance from Kuantan to Beserah is about 23 km.

Based on the map above, estimate the distance between these cities.
(a Kuantan and Gambang
(b Kuantan and Maran

## ADDITION OF LENGTH

1. What is the total length of the wire, in mm , that is used to make a caterpillar craft and a bubble blower? $66 \mathrm{~cm} 5 \mathrm{~mm}+36 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$

Caterpillar craft Bubble blower
 $66 \mathrm{~cm} 5 \mathrm{~mm} \quad 36 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}$

102 cm 13 mm
$=1020 \mathrm{~mm}+13 \mathrm{~mm}$
$=1033 \mathrm{~mm}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
66 \mathrm{~cm} 5 \mathrm{~mm} & =660 \mathrm{~mm}+5 \mathrm{~mm} \\
& =665 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
36 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm} & =360 \mathrm{~mm}+8 \mathrm{~mm} \\
& =368 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
11
$$

$$
665 \text { mm }
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
+\quad 368 \mathrm{~mm} \\
\hline \mathrm{I} 033 \mathrm{~mm} \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

$66 \mathrm{~cm} 5 \mathrm{~mm}+36 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}=1033 \mathrm{~mm}$
The total length of the wire is 1033 mm .
2. $14 \mathrm{~cm} 9 \mathrm{~mm}+57 \mathrm{~cm}+16 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$

| cm | mm |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1 |  |
| 14 | 9 |
| 57 | 0 |
| $+\quad 16$ | 8 |
| 87 | 17 |
| $+\quad 1$ | -10 |
| 88 | 7 |

$$
\begin{aligned}
88 \mathrm{~cm} 7 \mathrm{~mm} & =880 \mathrm{~mm}+7 \mathrm{~mm} \\
& =887 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

$14 \mathrm{~cm} 9 \mathrm{~mm}+57 \mathrm{~cm}+16 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}=887 \mathrm{~mm}$

Discuss the answer in cm and mm .

| 17 cm | 16 mm <br> 49 mm <br> 3 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $+\quad 25 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 3 mm |
| 32 cm | 58 mm |

- Surf https://www.math-only-math.com/worksheet-on-addition-in-metres-andcentimetres.html
- Conduct a simulation of adding length of measurements using objects around pupils.

3 What is the distance from Kampung Enggor to Parit through Manong?

| $29 \mathrm{~km} 800 \mathrm{~m}+19 \mathrm{~km} 600 \mathrm{~m}=$ |  | km |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| km | m |  |
| I |  |  |
| 29 | 800 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \\ +19 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 600 |  |
| 48 | 1400 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \\ +\quad 1 \\ \hline 49\end{array}$ | -1000 |  |
| 49 | 400 |  |

$29 \mathrm{~km} 800 \mathrm{~m}+19 \mathrm{~km} 600 \mathrm{~m}=49 \mathrm{~km} 400 \mathrm{~m}$ The distance from Kampung Enggor to Parit through Manong is 49 km 400 m .

4. $3 \mathrm{~km} 670 \mathrm{~m}+2 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{l} 24 \mathrm{~m}+1 \mathrm{~km} 780 \mathrm{~m}=$ m km m

| $1 m$ |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 670 |
| 2 | 124 |
| $+\quad 1$ | 780 |
| 6 | 1574 |
| $+\quad 1$ | 1000 |
| 7 | 574 |

$$
\begin{aligned}
7 \mathrm{~km} 574 \mathrm{~m} & =7000 \mathrm{~m}+574 \mathrm{~m} \\
& =7574 \mathrm{~m}
\end{aligned}
$$

$3 \mathrm{~km} 670 \mathrm{~m}+2 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{l} 24 \mathrm{~m}+\mathrm{lkm} 780 \mathrm{~m}=7574 \mathrm{~m}$

## TEST VOUBSELF

(1) Calculate.


2 Add.
(a $46 \mathrm{~cm}+8 \mathrm{~cm} 3 \mathrm{~mm}+7 \mathrm{~cm} 9 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm} \square \mathrm{mm}$
(b) $225 \mathrm{~m}+7 \mathrm{~km} 845 \mathrm{~m}+3 \mathrm{~km} 605 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{km} \square \mathrm{m}$
(c) $36 \mathrm{~km} 24 \mathrm{~m}+7 \mathrm{~km} 8 \mathrm{~m}+14 \mathrm{~km} 935 \mathrm{~m}=$ $\square$ m

## SUBTRACTION OF LENGTH

1. What is the difference in body length, in mm , between a 2-year old and a l-month old goldfish?
$24 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{Imm}-3 \mathrm{~cm} 7 \mathrm{~mm}=\quad \mathrm{mm}$

24 cm I mm<br>$=240 \mathrm{~mm}+1 \mathrm{~mm}$<br>$=241 \mathrm{~mm}$

3 cm 7 mm
$=30 \mathrm{~mm}+7 \mathrm{~mm}$
$=37 \mathrm{~mm}$

Changes in the body length of a goldfish


Source: https://www.
myaquariumclub.com/stunting-do-fish-like-goldfish-grow-only-to-the-size-of-their-tank-II606.html
$24 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{I} \mathrm{mm}-3 \mathrm{~cm} 7 \mathrm{~mm}=204 \mathrm{~mm}$
The difference in body length between a 2-year old and a l-month old goldfish is 204 mm.
(2. $71 \mathrm{~cm} 2 \mathrm{~mm}-47 \mathrm{~cm} 6 \mathrm{~mm}-95 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm} \square \mathrm{mm}$

| cm | mm | cm | mm |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 | 12 | 113 |  |  |  |
| $7 \times$ | 2 |  | 6 | $95 \mathrm{~mm}=90 \mathrm{~mm}+5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| -47 | 6 | 9 | 5 |  |  |
| 23 | 6 | 14 | 1 |  | 9 cm 5 mm |
| 71 cm 2 | -47 | 6 mm | = | 4 cm | mm |



- Surf https://www.onlinemathlearning.com/subtracting-lengths.html
- Based on the Facts at a Glance given, pupils conduct a discussion regarding

What is the difference in length of both bridges based on the information given?
$24 \mathrm{~km}-13 \mathrm{~km} 500 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{km} \square \mathrm{m}$

| km | m |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1000 |  |
| 24 | 000 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } 13 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 500 |  |
| 10 | 500 | SCAN THIS |

$24 \mathrm{~km}-13 \mathrm{~km} 500 \mathrm{~m}=10 \mathrm{~km} 500 \mathrm{~m}$ The difference in length of both bridges is 10 km 500 m .
(4) $18 \mathrm{~km}-7 \mathrm{~km} 600 \mathrm{~m}-4 \mathrm{~km} 792 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{km} \mathrm{m}$

| km | m | km | m |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 1000 |  | 139 031010 | 回䢙 |
| 18 | 000 | 9 | 14*00 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r}18 \\ -\quad 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 600 | - | 4 |  |
| 10 | 400 | 4 | 792 | SCAN THIS |

$18 \mathrm{~km}-7 \mathrm{~km} 600 \mathrm{~m}-4 \mathrm{~km} 792 \mathrm{~m}=5 \mathrm{~km} 608 \mathrm{~m}$


The distance between city $Q$ and city $R$ is 5750 m . Prove it.

Subtract.
(a $18 \mathrm{~cm} 4 \mathrm{~mm}-6 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$
(b) $63 \mathrm{~cm} 7 \mathrm{~mm}-34 \mathrm{~cm} 9 \mathrm{~mm}-27 \mathrm{~cm} 2 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm} \square \mathrm{mm}$
(c) $89 \mathrm{~km} 507 \mathrm{~m}-75 \mathrm{~km} 648 \mathrm{~m}=\mathrm{km} \quad \mathrm{m}$
(d) $19 \mathrm{~km}-10 \mathrm{~km} 450 \mathrm{~m}-2 \mathrm{~km} 890 \mathrm{~m}=\mathrm{m}$

- Surf https://www.onlinemathlearning.com/subtracting-lengths.html
- Explain the solution method by converting measurements involving km and m to the required unit before performing the operation.


## MULTIPLICATION OF LENGTH


$5 \times 7 \mathrm{~cm} 6 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$

3
7
$\times$

| $\times \quad 5$ |
| :--- |
| 380 mm |

$5 \times 7 \mathrm{~cm} 6 \mathrm{~mm}=380 \mathrm{~mm}$
The total height of the 5 blocks is 380 mm .


1. Multiply.

| 6 $\times 4 \mathrm{~cm} 7 \mathrm{~mm}=$ | cm | mm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) $5 \times 904 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{km}$ | m |  |
| (c) $2 \times 13 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}=$ | cm | mm |
| (d) $5 \times 679 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{km}$ | m |  |
| (e) $8 \times 35 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{l} 25 \mathrm{~m}$ | km |  |



Calculate Navin's to and fro total travelling distance, in km and m , from his home to school.

## DIVISION OF LENGTH

120 cm 8 mm of wood is used to make a picture frame.
What is the length of one side of a square
 picture frame?
$120 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm} \div 4=\square \mathrm{cm} \square \mathrm{mm}$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
30 \mathrm{~cm} \\
4 \longdiv { 2 m m } \\
-120 \mathrm{~cm} \\
-12 \mathrm{~mm} \\
\hline 00 \\
-\quad 0 \\
\hline 0
\end{array}
$$

$120 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm} \div 4=30 \mathrm{~cm} 2 \mathrm{~mm}$
The length of one side of a square picture frame is 30 cm 2 mm .
What is the length of
one side of a regular
actagonal picture frame,
as shown, if the same total
length of wood is used?
2. $60 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{2} \mathrm{mm} \div 7=\square \mathrm{mm}$
$60 \mathrm{~cm} 2 \mathrm{~mm} \div 7=86 \mathrm{~mm}$ octagonal picture frame, as shown, if the same total length of wood is used?
$8 \mathrm{~cm} 6 \mathrm{~mm}=80 \mathrm{~mm}+6 \mathrm{~mm}$

$$
=86 \mathrm{~mm}
$$

$$
\frac{-42}{0}
$$



## ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF MASS

1. What is the mass of the flour, in g, to make biscuits?
$4 \mathrm{~kg}+1 \mathrm{~kg}-130 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{g}$

$4 \mathrm{~kg}+\mathrm{l} \mathrm{kg}-\mathrm{l} 30 \mathrm{~g}=4870 \mathrm{~g}$
The mass of the flour to make

4 kg of wheat flour and I kg of rice flour are needed.


Then, I put aside 130 g to be sprinkled into the moulds. biscuits is 4870 g .
2. $8 \mathrm{~kg} 20 \mathrm{~g}-630 \mathrm{~g}+4 \mathrm{~kg}=\square \mathrm{kg} \square \mathrm{g}$

$8 \mathrm{~kg} 20 \mathrm{~g}-630 \mathrm{~g}+4 \mathrm{~kg}=11 \mathrm{~kg} 390 \mathrm{~g}$


$$
\begin{aligned}
66 \mathrm{~kg} 740 \mathrm{~g} & =66000 \mathrm{~g}+740 \mathrm{~g} \\
& =66740 \mathrm{~g}
\end{aligned}
$$

$180 \mathrm{~g}+67 \mathrm{~kg} 50 \mathrm{~g}-490 \mathrm{~g}=66740 \mathrm{~g}$

- Add and subtract units of mass based on situations and through simulation activity.
- Explain that adding and subtracting mass is the same as adding and subtracting whole numbers.
(4) $12 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{740g}+5 \mathrm{~kg} 950 \mathrm{~g}-3885 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{g}$

| kg | g |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 | 740 | $18 \mathrm{~kg} 690 \mathrm{~g}=18$ |
| 5 | 950 |  |
| 17 | 1690 | $\rightarrow 18690 \mathrm{~g}$ |
|  | -1 000 | - 3885 g |
| 18 | 690 | 14805 g |

$12 \mathrm{~kg} 740 \mathrm{~g}+5 \mathrm{~kg} 950 \mathrm{~g}-3885 \mathrm{~g}=14805 \mathrm{~g}$
$2 \mathrm{~kg}+5 \mathrm{~kg}-7 \mathrm{~g}=0$. Is the number sentence correct? Discuss.


FACTS AT A GLANCE
Pound (lb), ounce (oz), catty, and tael are also used to measure mass of an object.


## 1. Solve these.

(a $23 \mathrm{~kg}+18 \mathrm{~kg}-6940 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{g}$
(b) $9010 \mathrm{~g}-720 \mathrm{~g}+5 \mathrm{~kg}=\square \mathrm{kg} \square \mathrm{g}$
(c) $8 \mathrm{~kg} 5 \mathrm{~g}+3 \mathrm{~kg} 670 \mathrm{~g}-2490 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{g}$
(d $825 \mathrm{~g}+13 \mathrm{~kg} 718 \mathrm{~g}-4960 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{kg} \square \mathrm{g}$
(e $12 \mathrm{~kg} 218 \mathrm{~g}-620 \mathrm{~g}+3 \mathrm{~kg} 410 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{kg} \square \mathrm{g}$
(f $3 \mathrm{~kg} 50 \mathrm{~g}-265 \mathrm{~g}+\mathrm{I} \mathrm{kg} 700 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{g}$
2. Subtract 18 kg 565 g from the sum of 72 kg 310 g and 80 g .

## MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION OF MASS

1. Father repackaged 2 packets of 10 kg rice into 8 small packets. What is the mass, in g , of each small packet? $2 \times 10 \mathrm{~kg} \div 8=$ $\square$ g


$$
\begin{array}{r}
2500 \mathrm{~g} \\
8 \lcm{20000 \mathrm{~g}} \\
-16 \\
\hline 40 \\
-40 \\
\hline 00 \\
-\quad 0 \\
\hline 00 \\
-\quad 0 \\
\hline 0
\end{array}
$$


$2 \times 10 \mathrm{~kg} \div 8=2500 \mathrm{~g}$
The mass of each small packet is 2500 g .
(2) $9 \times 1600 \mathrm{~g} \div 4=\square \mathrm{kg} \square \mathrm{g}$
Method 10.

| 5 |
| ---: |
| $\times \quad 600 \mathrm{~g}$ |
| $\times \quad 9$ |
| 14400 g |

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3600 \mathrm{~g} \\
4 \longdiv { 1 4 4 0 \mathrm { g } } \\
-12 \downarrow \\
\hline 24 \\
-24 \\
\hline 00 \\
-\quad 0 \\
\hline 00 \\
-\quad 0 \\
\hline 0
\end{array}
$$

## Method 2

400
$\frac{9 \times 1600 \mathrm{~g}}{4}=3600 \mathrm{~g}$ ।


$$
\begin{aligned}
3600 \mathrm{~g} & =3000 \mathrm{~g}+600 \mathrm{~g} \\
& =3 \mathrm{~kg} 600 \mathrm{~g}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
9 \times 1600 \mathrm{~g} \div 4=3 \mathrm{~kg} 600 \mathrm{~g}
$$

(3) $18 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{30g} \div 5 \times 6=\square \mathrm{kg} \square \mathrm{g}$


## $18 \mathrm{~kg} 30 \mathrm{~g} \div 5 \times 6=21 \mathrm{~kg} 636 \mathrm{~g}$

(4) $7 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{l} 4 \mathrm{~g} \times 3 \div 9=$ $\square$ g


## The mass of a whale

 25 up to 30 metric tones ( 25000 up to 30000 kg )Solve these.
(a) $931 \mathrm{~g} \div 7 \times 9=\square \mathrm{g}$
g
(b) $9 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{630g} \mathrm{\div 3} \mathrm{\times 4=} \mathrm{\square kg}$
(c) $5 \times 3 \mathrm{~kg} 648 \mathrm{~g} \div 8=\square \mathrm{kg} \square \mathrm{g}$ (d $13 \mathrm{~kg} 56 \mathrm{~g} \div 2 \times 6=\square \mathrm{kg} \square \mathrm{g}$
(e) $3 \times 2 \mathrm{~kg} \div 8=\square \mathrm{g} \quad$ (f $7 \times 2480 \mathrm{~g} \div 5=\square \mathrm{kg} \mathrm{g}$

## ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION <br> OF VOLUME OF LIQUID

1


$$
\begin{aligned}
5 \ell+450 \mathrm{~m} \ell & =5 \ell 450 \mathrm{~m} \ell \\
& =5000 \mathrm{~m} \ell+450 \mathrm{~m} \ell \\
& =5450 \mathrm{~m} \ell
\end{aligned} \begin{array}{r}
5450 \mathrm{~m} \ell \\
-500 \mathrm{~m} \ell \\
\hline 450 \mathrm{~m} \ell
\end{array}
$$

$5 \ell+450 \mathrm{~m} \ell-500 \mathrm{~m} \ell=4950 \mathrm{~m} \ell$
The remaining volume of the mixture is $4950 \mathrm{~m} \ell$.
2. $4 \ell 80 \mathrm{~m} \ell-360 \mathrm{~m} \ell+7 \ell=\square \ell \quad \mathrm{m} \ell$

| $\begin{aligned} & 31080 \\ & 4 \ell 080 \mathrm{~m} \ell \end{aligned}$ | $3 \ell 720 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 360 ml | $+7 \ell 000 \mathrm{ml}$ |
| $3 \ell 720 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ | $10 \ell 720 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ |

$4 \ell 80 \mathrm{~m} \ell-360 \mathrm{~m} \ell+7 \ell=10 \ell 720 \mathrm{~m} \ell$
$38 \ell 320 \mathrm{~m} \ell+4 \ell 905 \mathrm{~m} \ell-11700 \mathrm{~m} \ell=\square \ell \square \mathrm{m} \ell$

| $\ell$ | $\mathrm{m} \ell$ | $\ell$ | $\mathrm{m} \ell$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 320 |  |  |
| + 4 | 905 |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r}+\quad 4 \\ \hline 12\end{array}$ | 1225 | +13 | $\begin{array}{r} 1225 \\ 225 \end{array}$ |
| + 1 | -1000 | - 11 | 700 |
| 13 | 225 | 1 | 525 |

4. $6 \ell-1 \ell 300 \mathrm{~m} \ell+590 \mathrm{~m} \ell=\square \mathrm{m} \ell$

|  |  | $\ell$ | $\mathrm{m} \ell$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\rightarrow 4$ | 700 |  |
| $\ell$ | $\mathrm{m} \ell$ | $+$ | 590 |  |
| 5 | $\begin{array}{r} 1000 \\ 000 \end{array}$ | 4 | 1290 |  |
| -1 | 300 | +1 | -1000 | $5 ¢ 290 \mathrm{ml}=5000 \mathrm{ml}+290 \mathrm{ml}$ |
| 4 | 700 | 5 | $290$ | $=5290 \mathrm{ml}$ |

$$
6 \ell-1 \ell 300 \mathrm{~m} \ell+590 \mathrm{~m} \ell=5290 \mathrm{~m} \ell
$$



## FACTS AT A GLANCE

The units gallon (gal), quart (qt), and pint (pt) are still used to state the volume of liquid.

I quart


$\overbrace{\text { pint }}^{4 y^{2}}$
4 gallons
5 gallons

Solve these.
(a) $4 \ell+83 \mathrm{~m} \ell-765 \mathrm{~m} \ell=$ $\square$ $\mathrm{m} \ell$
(b) $8070 \mathrm{~m} \ell-4210 \mathrm{~m} \ell+8 \ell=\square \ell \square \mathrm{m} \ell$
(c) $5 \ell 620 \mathrm{~m} \ell+2 \ell 438 \mathrm{~m} \ell-3790 \mathrm{~m} \ell=$ $\ell \longrightarrow \mathrm{m} \ell$
(d) $7 \ell 30 \mathrm{~m} \ell-1 \ell 800 \mathrm{~m} \ell+6162 \mathrm{~m} \ell=\square \mathrm{m} \ell$
(e $6259 \mathrm{~m} \ell+2 \ell 85 \mathrm{~m} \ell-3470 \mathrm{~m} \ell=\square \mathrm{m} \ell$
(f $2413 \mathrm{~m} \ell+6 \ell 870 \mathrm{~m} \ell-5090 \mathrm{~m} \ell=\square \ell \square \mathrm{m} \ell$

## MULTtiplication and division <br> OF VOLUME OF LIOUID

1. What is the volume of juice, in $\mathrm{m} \ell$, for each person?


Each person gets $375 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ of juice.

$18 \ell \div 4 \times 7=31500 \mathrm{~m} \ell$
(3) $7 \times 8 \ell 25 \mathrm{~m} \ell \div 3=\square \ell \longrightarrow \mathrm{m} \ell$


$$
7 \times 8 \ell 25 \mathrm{~m} \ell \div 3=18 \ell 725 \mathrm{~m} \ell
$$

$$
\text { (4) } 56 \ell 20 \mathrm{~m} \ell \div 5 \times 4=\square \ell \quad \mathrm{m} \ell
$$



Solve these.
(a) $1800 \mathrm{ml} \div 2 \times 5=$ $\square$ (b) $48 \ell \div 3 \times 4=\square \mathrm{m} \ell$
(c) $9 \times 2 \ell 50 \mathrm{me} \div 6=$ $\square$
$\square$(d) $8 \times 4 \ell 5 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{\ell} \div 9=\square \mathrm{m} \ell$

$$
\text { (e } 10248 \mathrm{~m} \ell \div 4 \times 7=\square \ell \quad \mathrm{m} \ell \text { (f } 33 \ell 72 \mathrm{~m} \ell \div 8 \times 3=\square \mathrm{m} \ell
$$

## SOLVE THE PROBLEMS

1 Asri built 3 types of circuits. What is the total length of wire used for the three circuits?

| Circuit | Length of <br> wire used |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | 28 cm 7 mm |
| B | 29 cm 8 mm |
| C | 32 cm 6 mm |

Understand the problem. Length of circuit wires:
A: 28 cm 7 mm , B: 29 cm 8 mm and $\mathrm{C}: 32 \mathrm{~cm} 6 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Calculate the total length of wire.

## - Check

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{cm} \\ & 810 \end{aligned}$ | mm | $\mathrm{cm}_{417}$ | mm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 90 | 11 | 57 | 15 |
| 91 | r | $\rightarrow 58$ | 5 |
| - 32 | 6 | - 29 | 8 |
| 58 | 5 | 28 | 7 |

- Plan the strategy.

Add
$28 \mathrm{~cm} 7 \mathrm{~mm}+29 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}$ $+32 \mathrm{~cm} 6 \mathrm{~mm}=$
$28 \mathrm{~cm} 7 \mathrm{~mm}+29 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}+32 \mathrm{~cm} 6 \mathrm{~mm}=91 \mathrm{~cm} 1 \mathrm{~mm}$ The total length of wire is 91 cm 1 mm .
2. A treasure hunt competition starts from city $A$ to city $C$ through city $B$. Calculate the distance from city B to city C .


Solve . $54 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{290m-36km} \mathrm{775m=}$

$$
\begin{array}{rrr}
413 & 810 \\
58 \\
54 \mathrm{~km} & 290 \mathrm{~m} \\
-36 \mathrm{~km} & 775 \mathrm{~m} \\
\hline
\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{rlr}
17 \mathrm{~km} 515 \mathrm{~m} \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

$54 \mathrm{~km} 290 \mathrm{~m}-36 \mathrm{~km} 775 \mathrm{~m}=17 \mathrm{~km} 515 \mathrm{~m}$
Distance from city B to city C is 17 km 515 m .

3 Professor Faizal successfully created a herbal drink by adding three types of herbal solutions with a total volume of I $430 \mathrm{~m} \ell$. Based on the table, which solutions are used?


## Solve - Trial and error method

$1430 \mathrm{~m} \ell=\square \mathrm{m} \ell+\square \mathrm{m} \ell+\square \mathrm{m} \ell$

- Look at the ones value in 1430 . The ones value is 0 .
- The sum of the three numbers must be a multiple of 10 .


## First trial

- The sum of the ones values 2,5 and 3 in $492 \mathrm{~m} \ell, 485 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ and $463 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ respectively is 10 .
$492 \mathrm{~m} \ell+485 \mathrm{~m} \ell+463 \mathrm{~m} \ell=1440 \mathrm{~m} \ell$
(the total volume of solution $A, B$ and $D$ is not equal to $1430 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ )


## Second trial

- The sum of the ones value 5,2 and 3 in $485 \mathrm{~m} \ell, 482 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ and $463 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ respectively is 10 .
$485 \mathrm{~m} \ell+482 \mathrm{~m} \ell+463 \mathrm{~m} \ell=1430 \mathrm{~m} \ell$
(the total volume of solution B, C and D is equal to $1430 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ )
The answer for the second trial is correct.
Check


The solutions used are solution B, C and D.

4 The calendar shows the date of items delivery by Mr Arul from the factory to Maju Shop. He starts delivering items on 4 April 2020. The two-way distance from the factory to Maju Shop is 86 km 900 m .

| April 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sun | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | sat |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |  |  |

(a What is the one-way distance from the factory to Maju Shop?
(b What is the total delivery distance travelled by Mr Arul?

## Solve

(a) One-way distance from the factory to Maju Shop:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 86 \mathrm{~km} 900 \mathrm{~m} \div 2= \\
& 2 \longdiv { 8 6 k m \quad 9 5 0 \mathrm { m } } \begin{array} { r } 
{ 4 3 \mathrm { km } } \\
{ \hline }
\end{array} \\
& -8.8 \\
& -6-10 \\
& \begin{array}{r}
0 \\
-\quad 0 \\
\hline 0
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

$86 \mathrm{~km} 900 \mathrm{~m} \div 2=43 \mathrm{~km} 450 \mathrm{~m}$
The one-way distance from the factory to Maju Shop is 43 km 450 m .
(b Mr Arul's delivery date: $4,8,12,16,20,24$ and 28 April (7 days)
Total delivery distance: $7 \times 86 \mathrm{~km} 900 \mathrm{~m}=$ $\square$

| $k m$ | $m$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 4 |  |
| 86 | 900 |
| $\times \quad$ | 7 |
| 602 | 6300 |
| $+\quad 6$ | -6000 |
| 608 | 300 |

$$
7 \times 86 \mathrm{~km} 900 \mathrm{~m}=608 \mathrm{~km} 300 \mathrm{~m}
$$

The total delivery distance travelled by Mr Arul is 608 km 300 m .

Solve the problems.

1. Puan Hamidah used pink, white, and black ribbons to decorate her child's birthday gift. The length of the ribbons are as shown:

| Ribbon colour | Length |
| :--- | :--- |
| Black | 36 cm 3 mm |
| Pink | 67 cm 2 mm |
| White | 268 mm |




What is the total length of ribbons, in mm, used?
2. Mr Kimbua undergoes a running training of 3 km 260 m daily. Calculate his running distance in a week.
3. Based on the information in the table, what is the length of the Pahang River?

| Name of river | Length |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pahang River | 88 km less than Rajang River |
| Rajang River | 323 km more than Kelantan River |
| Kelantan River | 240 km |

4 The total mass of Maniam, Norzi, and Ong is 150 kg . Norzi's mass is 35 kg 200 g . Ong's mass is 950 g more than Norzi's. What is Maniam's mass?
5. Calculate the total mass of the turkey and the chicken.


2 kg 100 g less than the turkey's mass
6. The mass of 5 equal steel balls is 8 kg . Calculate the mass, in kg and g , of 4 steel balls.
7 The volume of water in container $P$ is $395 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ less than container Q .

The volume of water in container $Q$ is $I \ell 70 \mathrm{~m} \ell$.
(a) Based on the information above, calculate the total volume of water in containers P and Q .
(b) The water in container $Q$ is poured equally into 2 cups. What is the volume of water in each cup?

## MEASUREMENT ADVENTURE

Tools/
Moferiols

Question cards, A4/display papers (to do the solution and jot down the answers), and pens.

How to conouct the octivitie 4
Teacher
prepares
a set of
questions for

Divide pupils into five groups.

Teacher checks the answers and calculates the scores. The group with the highest score wins.

Each group goes back to their respective station after they have finished answering questions at four other stations.

Teacher blows the whistle and each group answers their own questions.


After 3 minutes, teacher blows the whistle again. Each group moves clockwise to the next station and answers the questions.

## MIND CHALLENGE

l Write "mm" or"km".
a The width of a bookmark is 40
(b) The distance from Nurul's house to the library is 5
(c The length of a screw is measured in the unit of
(d The length of a river is stated in the unit of
2 State the measurement of the objects.

(a The length of the thumbtack is
(b) The length of the sticky note is $\qquad$ .

3


Estimate the distance from Mugun's house to the post office.
4 Complete these.

5. Solve these.

(e $3 \times 25 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm} \square \mathrm{mm}$
(f $9 \times 3 \mathrm{~km} 640 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{km} \square \mathrm{m}$
(g $49 \mathrm{~cm} 6 \mathrm{~mm} \div 8=\square \mathrm{mm}$
(h) $74 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{910} \mathrm{m} \div 6=\square \mathrm{km} \square \mathrm{m}$

6 Calculate.

(a $28 \mathrm{~kg} 833 \mathrm{~g}+19 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{l10g-l4kg} \mathrm{495g=} \mathrm{\square kg} \mathrm{\square g}$| (b) $48 \mathrm{~kg} 440 \mathrm{~g} \times 2 \div 8=\square \mathrm{kg} \mathrm{g}$ |
| :--- |
| (c) $5 \ell 245 \mathrm{~m} \ell+36 \ell 973 \mathrm{~m} \ell-8 \ell=\square \ell \square \mathrm{m} \mathrm{\ell}$ |
| (d) $9 \times 6 \ell 455 \mathrm{~m} \ell \div 3=\square \mathrm{m} \ell$ |

7 Solve the problems.
(a) The table shows the length of three wires, $K, L$ and $M$. Find the length, in cm and mm , of wire M .

| Wire | Length |
| :---: | :--- |
| K | 27 cm 6 mm |
| L | 5 cm 4 mm more than $K$ |
| M | 3 cm 8 mm more than L |

(b The diagram shows the distance from Kim Leng's house to the National Science Centre.
Kim Leng drives to the National Science Centre. His car broke down after driving a distance of 2 km 50 m . What is the remaining distance, in m ,
 that he needs to travels?
(C) The diagram shows a route map.


Kamala drives from $A$ to $C$ using the shortest route and goes back using the farthest route. Calculate the total distance, in km, that Kamala travels.
(d) The mass of a cake is 1 kg 472 g . The cake is cut into 8 equal parts. What is the mass, in g , of 3 parts?
(e The diagram shows the volume of goat's milk in two containers, R and $\mathrm{S} .23 \ell 400 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ of the goat's milk is sold. Calculate the remaining volume, in $\ell$ and $\mathrm{m} \ell$.

## RECOGNISE ANGLES




- Emphasise that the number of angles is equal to the number of vertices.
- Carry out paper folding activities to recognise right angle and acute angle. Differentiate both angles.
- Explain the meaning of the red marks on the equilateral triangle and isosceles triangle.


A scalene triangle has three unequal sides.

A scalene triangle has I obtuse angle and 2 $\square$ .


A regular polygon has 6 vertices. How many angles does this polygon have? Name the type of angle.

OW BOBOBATHON TRIANGLE CHART
Complete the mind map shown below. Then, present your work.


## 

1 Label and name the angles of the following shapes.
a

(b
C


2angle is bigger than angle.

## PARALLEL LINES AND PERPENDICULAR LINES


examples of parallel lines



The lines intersect at the right angle. These lines are known as perpendicular lines.



- Ask pupils to explore the examples of parallel lines and perpendicular lines outside the classroom and make a circle map.
- Surf https://www.ixl.com/math/grade-5/parallel-perpendicular-and-intersectinglines


1. The diagram shows a square and a rectangle.

(a State the lines which are perpendicular to lines $P Q$ and $K N$.
(b) State the lines which are parallel to lines PS and KL.

2 The diagram shows a road map.
a State the street which is parallel to Merpati Road.
(b) State the streets which form perpendicular lines.


3 Draw a parallel line to the straight line RS.
(b


4 Draw a perpendicular line to the straight line $T Q$.
a

b


## PERIMETER


a Let's calculate the length of the green ribbon. The length of I square is I unit.


The length of the green ribbon is 16 units. The length of the outline of the card is called perimeter.


Perimeter is the total length of all sides.

4 units +4 units +4 units +4 units $=16$ units
(b) What is the length of the red ribbon used?


The length of the red ribbon is the perimeter of the hexagon.

Perimeter

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\square+\square+\square+\square+\square+\square \\
& =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

Calculate the perimeter of a regular pentagon with the sides of 8 cm .

- Carry out activities to find the perimeter of a table, blackboard, book cover, and door using a ruler and a measuring tape.

2 Perimeter


3


Perimeter of a rectangle
$=18 \mathrm{~m}+10 \mathrm{~m}+\square+$
$=\mathrm{m}$


Perimeter of a regular octagon
$=\times 6 \mathrm{~m}$
$=\mathrm{m}$

Name a regular polygon with the perimeter of 15 cm .

Find the perimeter of each of the shapes below.


- Surf https://www.ixl.com/math/grade-5/perimeter-with-whole-number-sidelengths
- Carry out activities to construct shapes of equal perimeters but with different length of sides.
- Explain the meaning of the red marks on the sides of polygon.


| Length | Width | Number of square units | Length $\times$ Width | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 units | 3 units | 12 square units | 4 units $\times 3$ units | 12 square units |



3 Find the area of the blue wall.


A rectangle can be split
into two equal triangles.

The area of a $\triangle$ is
into two equal triangles.

Area $\triangle=\frac{\text { Area of rectangle }}{2}$
$=\frac{8 \mathrm{~cm} \times 6 \mathrm{~cm}}{2}$
$=\frac{48 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}}{2}$
$=24 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
base

half the area of $a$ $\square$.

THEP Height and base of various triangles.

5. Find the area of triangle PQR.


Card I

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area of } \begin{aligned}
P Q R & =\frac{1}{2} \times 24 \mathrm{~cm} \times 16 \mathrm{~cm} \\
& 1 \\
& =192 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
\end{aligned} . \begin{aligned}
12
\end{aligned} \\
\end{aligned}
$$

Is the area of triangle R equal to the area of triangle S? Prove it.


## A莫SI 10 OUBSELF

1 Calculate the area of the following shapes shown on
the square grid below.
$I$ unit


2 Calculate the area of the following quadrilaterals and triangle.
(a) 2 cm

b

c

3. Find the area of an isosceles triangle from this shape.

- Surf https://www.ixl.com/math/grade-5/area-of-squares-and-rectangles and https://www.ixl.com/math/grade-5/area-of-triangles
- Guide pupils to explore various shapes of equal perimeters but with different areas and vice versa.

The volume of this small cube is I cubic unit. How many I cubic unit cubes did you use?


Volume of cube $=$ length $\times$ width $\times$ height $=I$ unit $\times I$ unit $\times I$ unit $=1$ unit $^{3}$

Volume is a three dimensional space enclosed by the amount of space it takes up. Volume is quantified in cubic unit.
c The cube model contains 27 cubes.
b The box is filled with 6 cubes.

Volume of the box
= volume of 6 cubes
$=6$ units $^{3}$
Volume
$=6$ units $\times I$ unit $\times I$ unit
$=6$ units $^{3}$



Volume of the cube model = volume of 27 cubes
$=27$ units $^{3}$
Volume
$=3$ units $\times 3$ units $\times 3$ units
$=27$ units $^{3}$

2 Calculate the volume of cube $A$.

$$
4 \mathrm{~cm} A \begin{aligned}
& \text { Volume of cube } A \\
& =4 \mathrm{~cm} \times 4 \mathrm{~cm} \times 4 \mathrm{~cm} \\
& =64 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}
\end{aligned}
$$



Estimate the volume of cube $B$.
3. What is the volume of cuboid W?


$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Volume } & =\text { Base area } \times \text { Height } \\
& =6 \mathrm{~m} \times 2 \mathrm{~m} \times 3 \mathrm{~m} \\
& =
\end{aligned}
$$



1) State the volume of the blocks built (a by I cubic unit cubes.

(b

2. Calculate the volume of cube $L$, cuboid $M$, and a tissue box.



The area of the yellow surface is $15 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. What is the volume of this cuboid?

- Guide pupils to find the base area multiplied by height to calculate the volume of a cube or a cuboid.
- Surf https://www.ixl.com/math/grade-5/volume-of-rectangular-prisms-made-of-unit-cubes and https://www.ixl.com/math/grade-5/volume-of-cubes-and-rectangular-prisms

1. The picture shows a square-shaped cow farm. Zaini wants to build a fence around the farm. The length of one side of the fence is 16 m .
a What is the total length of the fence?
(b) Calculate the area of the cow farm.


## Understand the problem. $\quad$. Plan the strategy .

- square shape
- length of one side of the fence is 16 m
- find the total length of the fence
- find the area of the farm

- Solve
a $16 m+16 m+16 m+16 m=$
m

$$
\begin{array}{r}
26 \mathrm{~m} \\
16 \mathrm{~m} \\
16 \mathrm{~m} \\
+16 \mathrm{~m} \\
\hline 64 \mathrm{~m} \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

(b) Area of the cow farm $=$ length $\times$ width $=16 \mathrm{~m} \times 16 \mathrm{~m}$ $=256 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

| 36 m |
| ---: |
| 16 m |
| $\times \quad 166$ |
| 196 |
| +160 |
| $256 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ |

- Check

(a) | 2 |
| ---: |
| $\times \quad 4 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\times \quad 4$ |
| 64 m |

(b

$$
\begin{array}{r}
16 \mathrm{~m} \\
16 \mathrm{~m} \lcm{256 \mathrm{~m}^{2}} \\
-16 \\
96 \\
-96 \\
\hline 0
\end{array}
$$

The length of a goat farm is 4 m longer than the length of the cow farm. Given that the width of both farms are equal. Calculate the area of the goat farm.

The total length of the fence is 64 m .
The area of the cow farm is $256 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
2. David arranges Rubik's cubes with the sides of 4 cm into a box as shown in the picture. How many Rubik's cubes can be placed in the box?

## - Understand the problem.



- The length of each side of the Rubik's cube is 4 cm .
- The size of the box is $16 \mathrm{~cm} \times 12 \mathrm{~cm} \times 8 \mathrm{~cm}$.
- Find the number of Rubik's cubes in the box.



## Solve

Volume of box $=16 \mathrm{~cm} \times 12 \mathrm{~cm} \times 8 \mathrm{~cm}$

$$
=1536 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}
$$



Volume of Rubik's cube $=4 \mathrm{~cm} \times 4 \mathrm{~cm} \times 4 \mathrm{~cm}$ $=64 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$



Discuss the method to check the answer.


The number of Rubik's cubes is $\mathbf{2 4}$.

1 Zura used 240 cm of black lace to decorate a square table cloth.
a How long, in cm , is each side of the table cloth?
(b) Calculate the surface area, of the table cloth, in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$.

2 Lai Fong arranges 48 cubes in a cuboid-shaped box. The length of each side of the cubes is 3 cm . What is the volume of the cuboid-shaped box, in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ?

## SPACE EVERYWHERE

Meinod
I Divide pupils into four groups.
2 Give a task card to each group.

## Task I Construct a chart of parallel lines and perpendicular lines.

Task 2 Construct a bridge map for perimeter.
Task 3 Construct a circle map for area.
Task 4 Construct a tree map for volume.
3 All groups present this work at the mathematics corner.


- Prepare sufficient learning materials such as newspapers, magazines, and brochures. Guide pupils to carry out the Mind Riddle task in groups.


## MIND CHALLENGE

1 Name the following triangles. Label the angles shown by the arrows.

(b

c



2 State the parallel lines, perpendicular lines, or none.
a

b

c

(d


3 Find the perimeter and area of the shapes below.
a

(b

c


4 Calculate the volumes of cube $P$, cuboid $R$, and cuboid $T$.
a

(b

(c
Surface area $=12 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

5. Solve the problems.
a The picture shows a rectangular playground. The
(a The picture shows a rectangular playground. The
length of the fence around the playground is 50 m . i Calculate the width of the playground.

*) Calculate the area of the playground.
(b) Raju has two containers, cuboid $A$ and cube $B$. The volume of both containers are equal. What is the value of $p$ ?


## (6) (7) COORDINATES, RAUIO ANDPROPORTION

## RECOCNISE AND DETERMINE THE COORDINATES

1. The map on the Cartesian plane shows the places of interest in a few districts.

(a) The intersection point of the $x$-axis and $y$-axis is called origin, $O$. The coordinate of Idaman Beach which is at the origin is written as ( 0,0 ).
(b) Timun Lake is 4 units to the east and 5 units to the north of the origin. The coordinate of Timun Lake is written as (4, 5).
(C) The coordinate of Sejinjang Waterfall is ( 4,0 ).
(d) The coordinate of Kuala Pasir is and Hillview Temple is

To write a coordinate, write the coordinate of $x$-axis, followed by the $y$-axis.

- Introduce pupils to the French mathematician, Rene Descartes, the founder of the coordinates system.
- Emphasise that the symbol of the origin is $O$, not zero, which means origin.
- Discuss the coordinate of other places. Emphasise that the coordinate of $x$-axis and $y$-axis are determined from the origin.

2. The picture shows the position of five ferries at a harbour.



Ferry P is at $(2,6)$, while ferry T is at $(4,0)$.
State the ferries that are in the same row.


The coordinates of vertices of a square are at (I, 2), (I, 5), (4, 5) and point K. State the coordinate of point K .

Based on the Cartesian plane, fill in the empty boxes.
a The horizontal axis is
(b) The vertical axis is
(c) O is $\square$ The coordinate is
(d State the coordinates of the clock and the lamp.
(e $\quad$ is at $(2,0)$ and


## MARK COORDINATES OF POINTS

1 Mark the coordinate of P at (4, 2).
\% From the origin, move 4 units to the right and 2 units up.
$\%$ Mark point $P$.
\& Write $P(4,2)$.

Explain how to mark and write coordinate R(6, 0).

2 Mark the coordinate of $Q$ at ( 0,5 ).
ฬ์ From the origin, move 5 units up.
\& Mark point $Q$.
\& Write $Q(0,5)$.


Mark the following points on the Cartesian plane.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
R(0,5) & S(3,0) \\
T(1,3) & U(4,4)
\end{array}
$$



A butterfly is at 3 units to the right from the origin.
It flew 6 units up and landed on a hibiscus. What is the coordinate of the hibiscus?

- 2 cups of rice flour
- $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of wheat flour
- $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of corn flour
- I cup of thick coconut milk
- 3 cups of water
- I cup of sugar
- $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon of salt
- a few drops of red colouring and rose essence
Source: https://iluminasi.com/ bm/resepi-kuih-lapis.html
(a) What is the ratio of the number of cups of sugar to the number of cups of thick coconut milk?


I cup of sugar


The ratio of one to one is written as I: I.
The ratio of the number of cups of sugar to the number of cups of thick coconut milk is $I: I$.
(b) State the ratio of the number of cups of sugar to the number of cups of rice flour.
I cup of
sugar


I cup of sugar to I cup of thick coconut milk is stated as the ratio of one to one.

The ratio of one to two is written as I:
The ratio of the number of cups of sugar to the number of cups of rice flour is

A ratio is the comparison between two quantities of the same unit.
2. Number of storybooks read by four pupils in a week.

| Pupil | Janaki | Shery | Koon | Nora |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of <br> storybooks |  |  |  |  |

State the ratio of the number of Janaki's storybooks to the number of Nora's storybooks.


1:5

State the ratio of the number of Janaki's storybooks to the number of:

The ratio of the number of Janaki's storybooks to the number of Nora's storybooks is $\mathrm{I}: 5$.
(b Koon's storybooks.
(3) Chiew's mother cooks fish and chicken. What is the ratio of the mass of fish to the mass of chicken as shown below?

mass of fish 1 kg

mass of chicken 10 kg


The ratio of the mass of fish to the mass of chicken is 1 : 10 .


Based on the fact, state the ratio of:
a the number of the Sun to the number of planets.
b the size of the Moon to the size of Earth.

4 The pictures show the prices of three items bought by Fuad's brother.

(a) State the ratio of the price of the bookmark to the price of the shoes.


## 1:100

The ratio of the price of the bookmark to the price of the shoes is $I$ : 100 .
(b) State the ratio of the price of the bookmark to the price of the handphone.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { price of bookmark price of handphone } \\
& \text { The ratio of the price of the bookmark to } \\
& \text { the price of the handphone is }:
\end{aligned}
$$

- Use grid paper and graph paper to represent the ratio of $\mathrm{I}: 10, \mathrm{I}: 100$ and $\mathrm{I}: 1000$.

5 Look at the picture. State the ratio of the volume of cucumber juice to the volume of carrot juice.
volume of
cucumber juice

| $I \ell$ | $4000 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \ell$ | $:$ | $4 \ell$ |

The ratio of the volume of cucumber juice to the volume of carrot juice is
volume of
carrot juice
4000 me
$4 \ell$
$\qquad$ : :

| Mass of papaya | Mass of coconut |
| :---: | :---: |
| I kg | 1000 g |

The ratio of the mass of papaya to


Is the answer correct? Discuss.
 the mass of coconut is I : I 000.

## VOURSELF

1. The picture shows a vase of flower. State the ratio of:
(a the number of roses to the number of tulips.
(b) the number of roses to the number of sunflowers.
2. The table shows the length of three wires.

| Wire | $R$ | S | T |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length | 1 mm | 1 cm | 1 m |

State the ratio of:
(a) the length of wire $R$ to the length of wire $S$.
(b) the length of wire $S$ to the length of wire $T$.


State the ratio of:
(a the volume of I $\mathrm{m} \ell$ syringe to the volume of $100 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ syringe.
(b) the volume of I $\mathrm{m} \ell$ syringe to the volume of $I \ell$ of liquid bag.


Is the price of an apple bought by them equal?


The price of an apple bought by them is equal.
The price of the apple is in proportion.
(b What is the price of $q$ oranges?


The price of $q$ oranges is RM8.IO.

Daniel has RMIO. He wanted to buy 7 pears. Does he have enough money?

(a) What is the price of 9 m of similar curtains?


The price of 9 m of similar curtains is RM54.
(b What is the length of a curtain bought with RM84?

Method I

## Method 2

RM6 $\longrightarrow 1 \mathrm{~m}$
RM84 $\rightarrow$ RM84 $\div$ RM6
$1 \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow$ RM6
$4 \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow 4 \times \mathrm{RM} 6=\mathrm{RM} 24$
$10 \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow 10 \times$ RM6 $=$ RM60
$14 \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow \mathrm{RM} 24+\mathrm{RM} 60=$ RM84

$$
\begin{array}{r}
14 \\
6 \lcm{84} \\
-66 \\
24 \\
-24 \\
\hline 0
\end{array}
$$

A curtain of 14 m long can be bought with RM84.

Add the price of 4 m and 10 m .


There are 70 pieces of biscuits in 2 jars. What is the number of biscuits in 5 similar jars?

Step I
2 jars $\longrightarrow 70$ pieces
I jar $\longrightarrow 70$ pieces $\div 2$
35
$2 \longdiv { 7 0 }$ $-6$
-10
-0

Step 2
I jar $\longrightarrow 35$ pieces
5 jars $\longrightarrow 5 \times 35$ pieces

## 2

35


175

There are 175 pieces of biscuits in 5 similar jars.
4 FACTS AT A GLANCE


What is the frequency of heart rate of an adult while resting in 3 minutes?

Step I
5 minutes $\longrightarrow 360$ times
I minute $\longrightarrow 360$ times $\div 5$

Step 2
I minute $\longrightarrow 72$ times
3 minutes $\longrightarrow 3 \times 72$ times

| 72 |
| ---: |
| $5 \lcm{360}$ |
| -35 |
| 10 |
| $-\quad 10$ |
| 0 |

The frequency of heart rate of an adult while resting in 3 minutes is $\mathbf{2 1 6}$ times.

## BON Brobornix M

Construct a suitable chart or mind map involving proportion and solve the problems as shown in the following example.

PROPORTION


## My sister bought 4 m of linoleum. The total price is RM32.

(a What is the price of 6 m of similar linoleum?

(b) If the price is RM96, what is the length of the linoleum?

2

a What is the mass of 5 similar cereal boxes?
(b) If the mass is 300 g , how many cereal boxes are there?

## SOLVE THE PROBLEMS

1. The following are the positions and the prices of five electrical appliances.


| Appliance | Price |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rice cooker | RMI60 |
| Television | RMI 750 |
| Iron | RMIIO |
| Water heater | RM220 |
| Refrigerator | RMI 800 |

Ayub paid RM2 020 for two electrical appliances. State the items he bought and the coordinates of the items.

## Understand the problem

The price of two items is RM2 020. State any two items and its coordinates.

## Plan the strategy

- Total up any two items for RM 020.
- To write the coordinates of the two items, look at the $x$-axis first, then the $y$-axis.

Solve

refrigerator RI 800
water heater RM220

RM 020

## Check • RM2 $020-$ RM220 $=$ RI 800

The two items bought are the refrigerator and the water heater. The coordinate of the refrigerator is (4, 2).

The coordinate of the water heater is $(5,4)$.

2 Halim bought a durian weighing I kg. Rekha bought a durian weighing 5 kg more than the mass of Halim's durian. What is the ratio of the mass of Halim's durian to the mass of Rekha's durian?

## Understand the problem

The mass of Halim's durian is 1 kg .
The mass of Rekha's durian is 5 kg more than the mass of Halim's durian.
Find the ratio of the mass of Halim's durian to the mass of Rekha's durian.


Solve
Calculate the mass of Rekha's durian, $1 \mathrm{~kg}+5 \mathrm{~kg}=6 \mathrm{~kg}$.
The ratio of the mass of Halim's durian to the mass of Rekha's durian is


The ratio of $I$ to 6

$$
1: 6
$$

The ratio of the mass of Halim's durian to the mass of Rekha's durian is I: 6 .

Rekha bought a jackfruit too. The picture shows the mass of both the durian and jackfruit. State the ratio of the mass of the jackfruit to the mass of the durian.

(3) The price of exercise books at three bookshops are as follows:


Adira wanted to buy 12 exercise books. Which bookshop would she choose? Justify your answer.

## Solve

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Bookshop A } \\
\text { RMI. } 20 \\
4 \begin{array}{r}
\text { RM4.80 } \\
-\quad 4 \\
\hline 08 \\
-\quad 8 \\
\hline 00 \\
-\quad 0 \\
\hline 0
\end{array} \\
\begin{array}{r}
\text { RMI. } 20 \\
\times \quad 12 \\
\hline
\end{array} \begin{array}{r}
240 \\
+\quad 1200 \\
\hline \text { RMI } 4.40 \\
\hline
\end{array} \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

Adira chose bookshop $\mathbf{C}$ because the price is the cheapest.

## Can we

 calculate using this method?

Discuss.

1. A Cartesian plane shows items sold in Goh's Shop. The price of the items are shown in the following table.


| Item | Price |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | RM24.00 |
|  | RM8.50 |
|  | RM6.00 |
|  | RMI7.80 |
|  | RM9.00 |

a State the coordinate of:
i) ball.
(ii) toy car.
(b Amalina bought the items situated at the coordinates of $(0,2),(3,5)$ and $(2,3)$. Calculate the total payment.
2 The picture shows Shahir's pet cat. Chan has 3 cats more than Shahir. What is the ratio of the number of Shahir's cats to the number of Chan's cats?

3. The following table shows the length of blue and green wooden planks.

| Colour of wooden <br> plank | Blue | Green |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length of wooden <br> plank | 1 m | 200 cm longer than the <br> blue wooden plank |

State the ratio of the length of the blue wooden plank to the length of the green wooden plank.
4 Victor drives his car at a regular speed of 240 km in 3 hours. What is the distance he travelled in 5 hours at the same speed?

Tools/Materials
Participonis:


Example of question cards

| String | $R$ | $T$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Length | 1 m | 900 cm |


| Round |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Player | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | Score |
| Rifana | 10 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 30 |
| Karl | 10 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 40 |
| Melly | 0 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 25 |

State the ratio of the length of string $R$ to the length of string $T$.

A
The price of
5 kg of fish is
RM30. Calculate the price of 7 kg of fish.
 State the ratio of the number of blue cylinders to the number of red cylinders.

Player's card

| Name: Rifand |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Letter | Coordinate | Correct/ <br> Wrong | Answer | Correct// <br> Wrong |
| F | $(3,4)$ | $\checkmark$ | $1: 9$ | $\checkmark$ |
| D | $(3,0)$ | $X$ | 30 km | $\checkmark$ |
| A | $(1,4)$ | $\checkmark$ | RM420 | $X$ |
| J | $(0,0)$ | $\checkmark$ | $1: 4$ | $\checkmark$ |

Score card

How to play
I Each player picks a letter card.
2 Identify the coordinate and write it on the player's card.
3 Answer the question card which matches the letter.
4 Write the answer on the player's card.
5 The referee will check the answer. Every correct answer will get 5 marks.
6 Repeat steps I to 5 until all four rounds are completed.
7 The player with the highest score wins.

The map on the Cartesian plane shows several places of interest.


| Place | Coordinate |
| :--- | :---: |
| Beach |  |
| Bird park |  |
| Museum |  |
|  | $(1,2)$ |
|  | $(2,1)$ |
|  | $(4,2)$ |

## a Coordinate $(0,0)$ is at the intersection of and , named the

(b) Based on the Cartesian plane, complete the table above.

2 Mark the coordinate points (I, I), (5, I) and (3, 6) on a Cartesian plane. Then, connect all the points. Name the shape formed.
3.

| Box | $P$ | $Q$ | $R$ | $S$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of <br> marbles | I | 2 | 3 times the number of $Q$ | 7 more than $P$ |

Based on the table above, state the ratio of:
a the number of marbles in box $P$ to the number of marbles in box $R$.
(b) the number of marbles in box P to the number of marbles in box S .
4. The mass of 4 chocolate bars is 0.656 kg . Calculate the mass of 15 similar chocolate bars.


- Carry out quizzes and games involving coordinates, ratio, and proportion to enhance pupils' understanding.

5. Solve the problems.
a The table shows the distance travelled by Erik from town R to town U through town $S$ and town $T$.

State the ratio of:

| Route | Distance |
| :--- | :---: |
| Town R <br> to town S | 1 km |
| Town S <br> to town T | 99 km |
| Town T <br> to town U | 900 km |

i. the distance travelled from town R to town S to the distance from town $R$ to town $T$.
(i) the distance travelled from town R to town S to the distance from town R to town U .
(b) Rashidah uses 2 kg of flour to bake 100 pieces of apam balik. What is the mass of flour needed to bake 300 pieces of apam balik?
(c There are 66 bidara fruits in 3 packets. Each packet has the same number of bidara fruits. How many fruits are there in II similar packets?
(d The Cartesian plane shows the position of a school, museum, restaurant, and Karina's house. The table shows the rate of taxi fares from Karina's house.

| Place | Taxi fare |
| :---: | :---: |
| Nan | restaurant |
| RM3.50 |  |
| museum | RM4.80 |
| man | school |

Karina paid RM8.30 for a one-way taxi fare on Friday and Saturday.
 Where did Karina go? State the coordinates of the places.
(e What is the ratio of length of one side of a square to its perimeter?

## DATA HANDLING

## CONSTRUCT PICTOGRAPHS AND BAR CHARTS


Beyblade Collection

| Name | Number of <br> Beyblade |
| :--- | :---: |
| Akim | 12 |
| Ben | 10 |
| Chin | 14 |
| Don | 12 |

Let's construct a pictograph for this data.

Steps to construct a pictograph.
I Draw 2 columns and 4 rows. Write the names on the left column.

| Akim |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ben |  |
| Chin |  |
| Don |  |

2 Determine the key for the pictograph. represents 2 Beyblades.

| Akim | $12 \div 2=6$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ben | $10 \div 2=5$ |
| Chin | $14 \div 2=$ |
| Don | $12 \div 2=$ |

3. (a Draw the symbols on the right column.
(b) Write the key and title.


Beyblade Collection of Four People

| Akim |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ben |  |
| Chin |  |
| Don |  |

## $\rightarrow$ represents 2 Beyblades <br> key

- Get a set of data related to the number of members of sports houses in the class. Guide pupils to construct a pictograph following the steps above in groups.
- Get the data through various methods such as observation and interviews to construct a pictograph.


Steps to construct a bar chart.

## Beyblade Collection

| Name | Akim | Ben | Chin | Don |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of <br> Beyblades | 12 | 10 | 14 | 12 |

Draw the horizontal and vertical axis.
2. On the horizontal axis, write the names.
3. On the vertical axis, mark the scale and label with suitable values to represent the number of Beyblades.


4 Draw and colour the bars to represent the number of Beyblades.
5. Write the title of the bar chart.
6 Label the number of Beyblades on the vertical axis.
7 Label the names on the horizontal axis.


Change the horizontal and vertical axis positions. Now construct a horizontal bar chart.

- Get a set of data regarding favourite drinks, attendance, and favourite colours.
- Guide pupils to construct horizontal and vertical bar charts following the steps


## BON Broboph miow

Tools/Materials Data and MS Excel software.
Participanis. 4 pupils in a group.

## sieps

1. Scan the QR Code to see the example on constructing a bar chart using MS Excel software.
2 Each group constructs a bar chart and a pictograph based on any two of the information given below.

(a) Kuih Sales at the Canteen

| Kuih | Number of Kuih |
| :--- | :---: |
| Curry puff | 55 |
| Steamed bun | 65 |
| Doughnut | 50 |
| Keria | 45 |

(b) Bowling Competition

| Player | Score |
| :--- | :---: |
| Tira | 120 |
| Qira | 160 |
| Sheila | 140 |
| Mei Hua | 150 |

c Four sports houses participate in a cross-country competition. Kenari, Tiung, Enggang, and Merpati collect 180 points, 220 points, 240 points, and 200 points respectively.

3 Print two copies of your bar chart and pictograph. Display one copy at the mathematics corner. Keep the other copy in the group's folio.

## DTEST VOURSELI:

Four groups compete in a debate competition. Bijak, Pintar, Cerdik, and Intelek teams secured 80 points, 90 points, 75 points, and 85 points respectively.

Based on the information above, construct a:
a pictograph.
(b) vertical bar chart.
(C horizontal bar chart.

- Surf https://www.wikihow.com/Make-a-Bar-Chart-in-Word to learn how to construct bar charts using MS Word.
- Carry out a group activity to construct pictographs and bar charts using different data. Ask every group to present their work.


## INTERPRET PICTOGRAPHS AND BAR CHARTS


(a 80 pupils of Year 3 cycle to school.
(b) 60 pupils of Year 4 cycle to school, which is the least.
(c) 120 pupils of Year 6 cycle to school, which is the most.
(d) Year 3 pupils who cycle is more than Year 4 pupils.
(e) The total number of pupils who cycle to school is $\square$ .
(f) The total number of Level 2 pupils who cycle to school is $\qquad$ .



Construct a vertical bar chart to represent the data of your last week's pocket money.

(a) Santhi received RM4 pocket money on Sunday.
(b) On , Santhi received the most pocket money of RM6.
(c) Santhi received the same amount of pocket money on and $\qquad$
(d) Santhi's total amount of pocket money for five days is
(e The difference between Santhi's pocket money on and is $\square$ .


1 Observe the pictograph and complete the sentences.
(a) On Tuesday, pencils are sold.
(b) 50 pencils are sold on
(c The same number of pencils are sold on and
(d The total number of pencils sold is

Pencil Sales at School's Cooperative

| Monday | $/ / / / /$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| Tuesday | $/ / /$ |
| Wednesday | $/ / / /$ |
| Thursday | $/ /$ |
| Friday | $/ /$ |

/represents I0 pencils
(e The difference between the sales on Wednesday and Thursday is
2. Complete the blank boxes based on the bar chart.

3. Observe the bar chart and answer the questions.

a What is the number of readers from the gold category?
b Calculate the total number of readers in the Nilam Programme.
c Calculate the difference between the number of readers of sapphire and bronze categories.
d If $30 \%$ of the total number of readers are Year 4 pupils, find the number of Year 4 pupils.

## SOLVE THE PROBLEMS

1 The incomplete pictograph shows the number of flower plants in a school area. How many symbols represent the flower plants at Block C if there are 80 flower plants in total?

Number of Flower Plants in the School Area

|  |  |  |  | $\vdots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\vdots$ |
|  | $\vdots$ |  |  | $\vdots$ |
| $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |  | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |
| $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |  | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |
| Block A | Block B | Block C | Laboratory | Office | represents 5 flower plants

## Understand the problem

- The total number of flower plants is 80 .
- One symbol represents 5 flower plants.
- Find the number of symbols representing flower plants at Block C.


## Plan the strategy

| Block A | Block B | Block C | Laboratory | Office |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2 \times 5$ <br> $=10$ | $3 \times 5$ <br> $=15$ |  | $2 \times 5$ <br> $=10$ | $5 \times 5$ <br> $=25$ |

80

## Solve

## Check

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10+15+\square+10+25=80 \\
& 60+\square=80 \\
& \square=20 \\
& 4 \\
& 5 \longdiv { 2 0 } \\
& \frac{-20}{0}
\end{aligned}
$$

The number of symbols that represent the flower plants at Block C is 4.
Block A receives 10 more flower plants. Calculate the difference between the number of flower plants at Block $A$ and the laboratory.

[^1]

The bar chart shows the favourite colours of a group of teenagers. What is the percentage of teenagers who favour red?

## Understand the problem.

- The number of teenagers for each colour:

| blue | 45 | red | 40 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| yellow | 55 | green | 50 |

purple 60

- Calculate the percentage of teenagers who favour red.


## Solve

total number of teenagers : $45+40+55+50+60=250$
percentage of teenagers $=\underline{\text { number of teenagers who favour red }} \times 100 \%$ who favour red
total number of teenagers

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{40}{250} \times 100 \% \\
& =\frac{400}{25} \% \\
& =16 \%
\end{aligned} \begin{array}{r}
16 \\
\end{array}
$$

Check. $16 \% \times 250=\frac{16}{100} \times 250$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{40 \varnothing \varnothing}{1 \varnothing \varnothing} \\
& =40
\end{aligned}
$$

The percentage of teenagers who favour red is $16 \%$.
44 girls favour yellow. What is the percentage of boys who favour yellow?

Zikri is completing a pictograph of the number of books read by four of his friends. A total of 48 books was read.
a How many represents the number of books read by Raveena?
(b) Calculate the percentage of books read by Sherry.

| Number of Books Read |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sherry |  |  |
| Qalisha |  |  |
| Swee Ping |  |  |
| Raveena |  |  |
| represents 3 books |  |  |

2 The incomplete bar chart below shows Zariq's score in a handball skills test for the selection of school players.


The MAIN requirements to become a school player:

- pass the skills test
- obtain more than 45 marks

Is Zariq qualified to be chosen as a school player if he obtained 8 marks in the dribbling test?

## Task

1 In groups, collect data on the number of siblings for 5 pupils from other classes (each group selects different classes).
2 Based on the data obtained, construct a bar chart.
3 Based on the bar chart constructed, write several interpretations. For example:
a pupils have 3 siblings.
(b) The most number of siblings is $\qquad$
(c) The least number of siblings is $\qquad$
4 Present and display your group work.
I. Construct a pictograph and answer the questions.
NDS Sports Store sold 10 balls in January, 16 balls in February, 12 balls in March, and 10 balls in April.

Construct a bar chart and answer the questions.
Syahir has 30 pieces of stamps. Francis has 15 pieces of stamps more than Syahir. Rishi's stamps are 10 pieces lesser than Francis. Xin Feng has 10 pieces of stamps more than Syahir.
3 Solve the problems.
a

(b) The incomplete pictograph represents the number of fish caught by 5 participants in a fishing competition. Adin is declared as the winner.
(i) The total number of fish caught is 34. If Adin caught I2 fish, prove that the number of fish caught by Sam and Tim are the same. Explain.

The bar chart shows the scores of four teams in a quiz. Each team is given 15 additional points.
i List down the teams that obtained the latest score of more than 100.
ii) Is the latest total score equal to 400 ? Explain.

Number of Fish Caught

| Sam | $=0$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Adin |  |
| Tim |  |
| Ram |  |
| Ong |  |

に represents 2 fish
a How many stamps do Francis, Rishi, and Xin Feng have?
(b) Calculate the total number of stamps.
(c) What is the percentage of Syahir's stamps?

## i Estimate the number of fish caught by Adin.

[^2]A Choose the correct answer.


State the ratio of the number of squares to the number of triangles.
(A) $1: 2$
(B) $1: 3$
(C) $1: 4$
(D) $1: 5$

2 What is the length of the pencil, in mm ?

(A) 10 mm
(B) 44 mm
(C 54 mm
(D) 64 mm

3 Which figure shows perpendicular lines?
(A)
(C
(B


4 The clock face shows the time Lela starts doing her homework. At $4: 45$ p.m., Lela completed her homework. How long did she take to do her homework?
(A 15 minutes
(B) 45 minutes
(C) hour 15 minutes
(D) hour 45 minutes

5 The mass of 4 similar books is 2 kg 240 g . What is the mass of 3 books?
(A) $1 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{I20g}$
(B) 1 kg 680 g
(C) 4 kg 480 g
(D) $8 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{q60g}$

6 Puan Kavitha left Kuala Lumpur for Ipoh at $10: 50$ in the morning. The journey took 3 hours 25 minutes. What time did Puan Kavitha arrive in Ipoh?
(A) 1405 hours
(C) 1505 hours
B
1415 hours
D 1515 hours

7 The figure shows a triangle KLM and a rectangle PQRS.


The area of KLM and PQRS are the same. What is the length of $P Q$ ?
(A) 8 cm
(B) 12 cm
(C) 16 cm
(D) 24 cm

8


Calculate the volume, in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$, of the cuboid. (A $14 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

B $21 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(C) $28 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

D $42 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

B Answer the following questions.
I Complete these.
(a) 34 hours $=\square$ day $\quad$ hours
(b) 9 weeks 5 days $=\square$ days
(c) 7 decades 8 years $=\quad$ years
(d) 2 years 5 months $=\square$ months
(e) 5 centuries 3 years $=\square$ years

2 Complete these.

| (a $7 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{3} \mathrm{mm}=$ | mm |
| :--- | :--- |
| (b) $2 \mathrm{~km} 50 \mathrm{~m}=\square \mathrm{m}$ |  |
| (c) $169 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{cm}$ |  |
| (d) 5480 mm |  |
| (dm | $\mathrm{km} \quad \mathrm{m}$ |

3 Calculate.
(a) 14 decades 6 years +

3 decades 8 years
$=\quad$ decades $\square$
(b) 4 weeks 5 days +

2 weeks 3 days
$=\square$ weeks day
(c) $3 \times 12$ hours
$=\square$ day hours
(d) 41 years $\div 6$
$=\square$ years $\square$ months
4. Solve these.
(a) $5 \mathrm{~cm} 2 \mathrm{~mm}+3 \mathrm{~mm}$
$+4 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm}=\square \mathrm{mm}$
(b) $3 \mathrm{~kg} 60 \mathrm{~g}-835 \mathrm{~g}$
$+2 \mathrm{~kg} 74 \mathrm{~g}=\square \mathrm{g}$
(c) $7 \ell 45 \mathrm{~m} \ell+\square \mathrm{m} \ell$
$-2930 \mathrm{~m} \ell=6080 \mathrm{~m} \ell$
(d) $2 \times 24 \mathrm{~kg} 380 \mathrm{~g} \div 5=$

5. Find the perimeter of the following shapes.
a

(b


6 Find the areas of the following shapes.
(a) $-\quad-9 \mathrm{~m}$
(b)


7 Complete the table.

| Length | Width | Height | Volume <br> of cuboid |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a | 4 cm | 3 cm | 5 cm |  |
| (b) | 2 m | 4 m |  | $80 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

8 The bar graph shows the attendance of pupils by clubs.

a What is the total number of pupils in the four clubs?
(b The four clubs have a total number of 350 members. How many members are absent?

C Solve the following problems.
Farah Ann's gymnastic training starts at $4: 45$ in the evening and ends at $6: 15$ in the evening.
a State $4: 45$ in the evening in the 24 -hour system.
(b) What is the duration of Farah Ann's gymnastic training?

2 Mr Kumar has been working in a factory for 25 months.
a State the duration, in years and months, that Mr Kumar has worked in the factory.
(b) Mr Kumar works from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.. Calculate the duration of Mr Kumar's working hours for 5 days.
(3) At $9: 35$ a.m., a bus and a car depart from town M to town N . The journey takes 2 hours 40 minutes to reach town N .
a What time does the car reach town N ?
(b) The bus arrives at town N I hour 15 minutes later than the car. What time does the bus arrive at town N ?
4. The table shows the length of two types of wires.

| Wire | Length |
| :---: | :---: |
| Blue | 28 cm 6 mm |
| Green | 4 cm 9 mm <br> longer than <br> the blue wire |

(a) Calculate the length, in cm and mm , of the green wire.
(b) Joseph used 32 cm 8 mm of the green wire to make handicraft. Calculate the length, in mm , of the remaining green wire.
5. The Cartesian plane shows the positions of points K and L .

a Write the coordinates of point:

- K
(1) L
(b) Mark the following points:
i) $\mathrm{A}(0,6)$ 霊 $\mathrm{B}(4,3)$
(C) Mark three points to form a right-angled triangle.

6) The diagram shows the volume of water in three barrels.

(a) Calculate the total volume of water, in $\ell$ and $\mathrm{m} \ell$, in the three barrels.
(b) The water in barrel P was poured equally into 5 pails. What is the volume of water in 2 pails?

7 The diagram below shows a triangle and a rectangle.
(a) A


Name the angle C in the triangle.
(b

(1) Name the line which is parallel to line $P Q$.
(1) Name the lines which are perpendicular to line PS.

8 The table shows the mass of coconut milk sold in two days.

| Day | Mass |
| :--- | :--- |
| Saturday | 38 kg 800 g |
| Sunday | 15 kg 250 g less <br> than Saturday |

a What is the total mass of coconut milk, in kg and g , sold on Saturday and Sunday?
(b) On Monday, the mass of coconut milk prepared was 28 kg 350 g . The coconut milk was put equally into 7 containers. What is the mass of coconut milk in 4 containers?
9. The pictograph shows the number of laptops sold in three months. The sales in July is not shown.

Laptop Sold

| April | -5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| May | $-5-5$ |
| June | $-5-5$ |
| July |  |

represents 3 laptops
The total number of laptops sold in 4 months is 60 .
(a) How many laptops were sold in July?
(b) The price of a laptop is RMI 260. What is the total price of laptops sold in May and June?

| acute angle | Angle with less than $90^{\circ}$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| angle | Space between two meeting of straight lines. |
| area | The measurement of two dimensional surface that it covers. |
| area of the base | Area of the bottom of a three dimensional space. |
| ascending order | Numbers arranged from the smallest to the largest number. E.g. I, 2, 3, 4, ... |
| axis | Horizontal or vertical line on the graph and are placed at right angles to each other. |
| bar chart | A frequency diagram using rectangles of equal width to represent information or data. |
| base | The bottom surface of an object. |
| budget | An estimation of income/revenue or expenditure for a set period of time. Budget is known as budgetary. |
| cash | Direct payment whether in ringgit or in sen when buying things or using services. |
| column | Vertical array of numbers or series of cells in a chart or table. |
| compare | Stating the similarities or differences between two or several values, quantities, and objects. |
| coordinate | The ordered pairs of numbers which determine a position of points in the $x$-axis and $y$-axis. |
| cube | Three dimensional shapes with six square surfaces. |
| cubic centimetre | Measurement unit for volume. |
| cuboid | Three dimensional shapes with six rectangular surfaces. |
| currency | Measurement unit for money. Different countries have different currencies. |
| decimal | A number which represents a fraction with denominator 10,100 or 1000. |
| decompose/partition | The process of separating numbers according to the place value or digit value. |
| descending order | Numbers arranged from the largest to the smallest number. E.g. 20, $19,18, \ldots$ |
| difference | Differences in quantity or value between two groups of objects or values. |
| digit | Numbers from 0 to $q$ that can form another number. |
| distance | Length between objects. |
| duration | The length of time that an event lasts. |
| equilateral triangle | A triangle in which all three sides have the same length. |
| estimation | An approximation of a quantity. |
| even numbers | Any integer that can be divided exactly by two. |
| financial goal | Goal to be achieved in terms of finance. |
| formula | A method or calculation procedures used to get an answer. |
| horizontal axis | Horizontal number line in graph. |
| hour | Measurement unit for time. |
| improper fraction | A fraction where the denominator is smaller than the numerator. |


| isosceles triangle | A triangle in which two sides have the same length and the angle opposite the equal sides are equal. |
| :---: | :---: |
| mental arithmetic | Performing quick mathematical calculation mentally. |
| mixed numbers | A number represented by a whole number and a proper fraction. |
| mixed operations | A combination of two or more mathematical operations. |
| obtuse angle | Angle with more than $90^{\circ}$. |
| odd numbers | Any integer when divided by two gives one as the remainder. |
| parallel lines | Two or more straight lines which do not meet no matter how far extended and the lines are always the same distance apart. |
| pattern | List of numbers or objects arranged in sequence or series that repeats. |
| payment instrument | Any electronic tools to make payment for any services or purchasing of goods. |
| perimeter | Total distance around the edges of two dimensional shapes. |
| perpendicular | The characteristic of two lines which meet or cross each other to form a right angle. |
| perpendicular axis/ vertical axis | Vertical number line in graph. |
| perpendicular lines | Two lines which meet or cross each other to form a right angle. |
| pictograph | A diagram consisting of pictorial symbols representing certain quantities or group of data. |
| poligon | A closed two dimensional figure bounded by three or more straight sides. |
| proper fraction | A fraction where the denominator is larger than the numerator. |
| proportion | Mathematical expression to show the relationship between two quantities or values with the same ratio. |
| ratio | Comparison between a measurement or value to another measurement or value. |
| receipt | A document acknowledging that a person has received money or made payment of goods. |
| right angle | $90^{\circ}$ angle. |
| right-angled triangle | A triangle with three sides and a right angle ( $90^{\circ}$ ) in it. |
| rounding off | A process to determine the value of a number using the place value. |
| scalene triangle | A triangle in which all three sides have different lengths. |
| square centimetre | Measurement unit for area. |
| transaction | Business transaction between two parties, e.g. a seller and a buyer or a banker and a customer. |
| trial and error method | Various methods/strategies used to find the correct answer. |
| unknown | An unknown quantity written in symbol or letters. |
| volume | Space occupied by solid figure, liquid, and gas. |
| width | Distance between two shorter sides. |
| $x$-axis | Horizontal axis in graph. |
| $y$-axis | Vertical axis in graph. |
| 12-hour system | System which divide time into two sections, a.m. for morning and p.m. for evening. |
| 24-hour system | Time notation to indicate the day runs from midnight to midnight and is divided into 24 hours. |



UNIT I: NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS
Mind Teaser pg. 3
$83614,84316,81364$. Accept any reasonable answers.
Mind Teaser pg. 5
83090
Mind Teaser pg. 16
$q$
Mind Teaser pg. I8
$6000+4000=10000$ or
$4985+5372=10357$ or
any other reasonable answers.
Mind Teaser pg. Iq
89068
Mind Teaser pg. 22

| $p$ | $q$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 67 |
| 46 | 51 |
| 54 | 43 |

Mind Teaser pg. 24 18950 Mind Teaser pg. 26 37058
Mind Teaser pg. 38
$5720,96000 \div 1000,9600 \div 100 / 960 \div 10,608$. Accept any reasonable answers
Mind Teaser pg. $41 \quad$ Mind Teaser pg. 43
$504 \quad 63297 \div 100=632$ baki 97
Mind Teaser pg. 45
Both questions have the same answer, I3 830.
Mind Teaser pg. 47
3640
Mind Challenge pg. 63
I. a. ninety-two thousand one hundred and forty-five b. sixty thousand one hundred and seventy-four
c. fifty-one thousand and ninety-six
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { d. } 35016 & \text { e. } 40062 & \text { f. } 100000\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 2. a. thousands, } 9000 & \text { b. hundreds, } 200 & \text { c. ten thousands, } 70000\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 3. a. } 100,3 & \text { b. } 95304 & \text { c. I thousands, } 0 \text { hundreds } & \text { d. } 80132\end{array}$
4. even numbers : I 898, 4 I00, 5012 odd numbers: $1401,2053,3245$
5. a. descending order : $43730,43370,43300,43070$ ascending order : 43 070, $43300,43370,43730$
b. descending order : $69128,68993,65590,61540$ ascending order : $61540,65590,68993,69128$
6. a. 5500
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 8. a. i. } 40000 & \text { ii. } 30000 & \text { c. } 62264,64264 & \\ \text { ii. } 70000 & \text { iv. } 100000\end{array}$
b. 49768,52983 . Accept any reasonable answers.
q. a. less than $\quad$ b. more than $\quad$ c. more than $\quad$ d. less than


UNIT 2: FRACTIONS, DECIMALS, AND PERCENTAGES
Mind Teaser pg. 70
$\frac{9}{8}, 1 \frac{1}{8}$
Mind Teaser pg. 79
$\frac{\frac{9}{10}-\frac{3}{10}-\frac{1}{10}=\frac{1}{2} \text { or } \frac{4}{5}-\frac{1}{10}-\frac{1}{5}=\frac{1}{2} \text { or any other reasonable answers. }}{\text { and }}$
Mind Teaser pg. 82
$3 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{4}+\frac{3}{8}=3 \frac{1}{8}$
Mind Teaser pg. 83
$\frac{3}{4}$ of $12=9$
or any other reasonable answers
Mind Teaser pg. 87
$18.5+8.221=26.721$ or $6.329+20.392=26.721$
or any other reasonable answers.
Mind Teaser pg. 95
$\frac{1}{5}=20 \%$ and $\frac{2}{10}=20 \%$
Mind Challenge pg. 103

| l. a. $2 \frac{2}{5}$ | b. $1 \frac{5}{9}$ | c. $4 \frac{1}{7}$ | d. $3 \frac{3}{4}$ | e. $6 \frac{2}{3}$ | f. $4 \frac{3}{8}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. a. $\frac{9}{7}$ | b. $\frac{31}{9}$ | c. $\frac{43}{8}$ | d. $\frac{63}{10}$ | e. $\frac{31}{3}$ | f. $\frac{111}{2}$ |
| 3. a. $\frac{5}{9}$ | b. $1 \frac{7}{12}$ | c. $1 \frac{7}{12}$ | d. $6 \frac{1}{10}$ | e. $5 \frac{20}{21}$ | f. $2 \frac{2}{3}$ |


| 4. a. $\frac{1}{2}$ | b. $3 \frac{2}{7}$ | c. $1 \frac{2}{15}$ | d. $1 \frac{8}{9}$ | e. 2 | f. $3 \frac{1}{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. a. $1 \frac{2}{5}$ | b. $6 \frac{7}{8} \quad 6$ | a. 4 | b. $4 \frac{4}{7}$ | C. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ | d. $4 \frac{2}{3}$ |
| 7. a. 35 m | b. 72 kg | c. $168 \ell$ |  |  |  |
| 8. a. 8.59 | b. 192.983 | C. 146.328 | d. 28.8 |  |  |
| q. a. 6.63 | b. 2.078 | c. 0.352 | d. 2.078 |  |  |
| I0. a. 8.56 | b. 697.2 | c. 129.258 | d. 630.8 | e. 194.2 | f. 52730 |
| II. a. 5.2 | b. 103.42 | c. 1.528 | d. 3.42 | e. 0.603 |  |
| 12. a. $80 \%$ | b. $95 \%$ | c. $72 \%$ | d. $\frac{7}{100}$ | e. $\frac{17}{25}$ | f. $\frac{93}{100}$ |
| 13. a. $53 \%$ | b. $30 \%$ | c. $30 \%$ | 14. a. $5 \frac{7}{10}$ |  |  |

## UNIT 3: MONEY

Mind Teaser pg. 107
West Coast of The United States, Taiwan, and China
Mind Teaser pg. 109
RM63 869.59
Mind Teaser pg. III
RM9 553 - RM4 $865+$ RM2 $312=$ RM7 000
Mind Challenge pg. 134
I. a. RM68 259.30 b. RM34 474.90 c. RM83 384.20 d. RM55 239.45 e. RM75 085 $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { f. RM58 } 513 & \text { g. RMI } 734.20 & \text { h. RM33 } 886.40 & \text { i. RM87 } 472.80 & \text { j. RM65 } 707.20\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 2. a. RM97 } 610.25 & \text { b. RM42 } 000 & \text { 3. RM6I I22.26 } & \text { 4. RM27 I7I. } 05 & \text { 5. RMIq } 600\end{array}$ 6. United States of America - Dollar, Great Britain - Pound Sterling, Saudi Arabia - Riya
7. a. prepaid card b. e-wallet, credit card, debit card, cheque

## Mind Twister pg. 135

Section A
I.B 2.A 3.D 4.D 5.C 6.D 7. B 8.D 9.C 10.B II.D 12.C I3.D 14.C Section B

1. a. ten thousands b. $80000+600+50+3$
2. a. (i) $19632,2|369,3| 962,6329$ I, $9 \mid 263$ (ii) $9 \mid 263,6329$, 3 I $962,2 \mid 369$, Iq 632 b. 40000
3. Approximately $130 \mathrm{~m} \ell$ or any other reasonable answers
4. a. $27982,28982,29982,30982,31982$ b. The number pattern increases by thousands.
5. $102,104,106,108,110$ or any other reasonable answers.
6. 59765 or any other reasonable answers.
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 7. a. } 91682 & \text { b. } 15600 & \text { c. } 22932 & \text { d. } 148555 & \text { 8. } P=16497 \quad Q=15497\end{array}$
q. a. (i) $1 \frac{2}{3} \quad$ (ii) $2 \frac{5}{7} \quad$ b. (i) $\frac{23}{9} \quad$ (ii) $\frac{49}{10}$
7. a. $1 \frac{2}{7}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { b. } 5 \frac{13}{15} & \text { II. a. } \frac{1}{7}\end{array}$
b. $3 \frac{1}{4}$
8. a. $7 \frac{7}{20}$
9. a. 524.928
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { 14. a. } 524.928 & \text { b. } 56.819 & \text { c. } 0.26 & \text { d. } 9.66 \\ \text { I5. a. } 683.4 & \text { b. } 42.184 & \text { c. } 7.082 & \text { d. } 23.54\end{array}$
b. $\frac{20}{21}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { c. } 5 \frac{1}{q} & \text { I3. a. } \frac{8}{q}\end{array}$
b. $1 \frac{1}{5}$
10. 15\%
11. $\frac{37}{100}$
12. $15 \%$
13. RM43 733

Section C
a. $17795 \quad$ b. 15910
2. No. Each buyer will only get 40 saplings.
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 3. a. } 250 \text { boxes } & \text { b. } 120 \text { oranges } & 4 . \text { RM350 } & 5 . R M 3 I 20 & 6.11 .68 \mathrm{~km} & 7.2 .45 \ell\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 8. } 1 \frac{9}{20} \mathrm{~kg} & \text { 9. a. } 23245 & \text { b. RM2 } 880 & \text { 10. a. } 6.4 \mathrm{~kg} & \text { b. } 0.475 \mathrm{~kg} / 475 \mathrm{~g}\end{array}$
II. a. prepare a daily, weekly b. Yes, Rishi's goal would be achieved. and monthly budget

UNIT 4: TIME
Mind Teaser pg. 146
$\begin{array}{rlrl}10 \text { decades } & =100 \text { years } \\ & =1 \text { century } & 10 \text { centuries } & =1000 \text { years } \\ & =1 \text { millenium }\end{array}$ = 1 century
= 1 millenium
Mind Teaser pg. 155
8 days -2 days 16 hours -5 hours $=5$ days 3 hours
Mind Teaser pg. 156
I decade 8 years
Mind Teaser pg. 160
9 and 7
Mind Teaser pg. 163
21 centuries
Mind Challenge pg. 168

6. 60 hours
8. a. I7I hours e. 6 days 13 hours
7. 190 days
b. 16 weeks 6 days c. 5 years 5 months d. 204 year
q. a. 17 days 12 hours $\quad$ b. 10 weeks 2 days $\quad$ c. 24 years 2 months d. 15 centuries 18 years e. 2 days 16 hours f. 4 years 3 months g. I decade 3 years h. 4 decades 3 years 10.a. (i) 216 hours $\begin{array}{llll}\text { (ii) } 3 \text { days } & \text { b. (i) } 21 \text { years } 1 \text { month } & \text { (ii) } 13 \text { years } 3 \text { months }\end{array}$ c. (i) $12: 45$ p.m. $\begin{array}{lll}\text { (ii) } 2: 45 \text { p.m. } & \text { (iii) } 3 \text { hours }\end{array}$
d. (i) 7 decades 6 years $\quad$ (ii) No. I am 9 years 6 months old.

## UNIT 5: LENGTH, MASS, AND VOLUME OF LIQUID

Mind Teaser pg. 173
30 mm
Mind Teaser pg. 180
$14000 \mathrm{~m}-7600 \mathrm{~m}=5750 \mathrm{~m}$
Mind Teaser pg. 189
$q q 9 \mathrm{~m} \ell$
Mind Challenge pg. 197
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { I. a. } \mathrm{mm} & \text { b. } \mathrm{km} & \text { c. } \mathrm{mm} & \text { d. km } & \text { 2. a. } 10 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \text { b. } 50 \mathrm{~mm}\end{array}$
3. 7 km , accept any reasonable answers.
4. a. $6 \mathrm{~cm} 5 \mathrm{~mm} \quad$ b. $84000 \mathrm{~m} \quad$ c. $132 \mathrm{~mm} \quad$ d. $9 \mathrm{~km} 83 \mathrm{~m} \quad$ e. 7018 m f. 50 cm 4 mm
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 5. a. } 26 \mathrm{~cm} 4 \mathrm{~mm} & \text { b. } 62 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{353m} & \text { c. } 6 \mathrm{~cm} 3 \mathrm{~mm}\end{array}$ d. 33 km 720 m
e. $77 \mathrm{~cm} 4 \mathrm{~mm} \quad$ f. $32 \mathrm{~km} 760 \mathrm{~m} \quad$ g. $62 \mathrm{~mm} \quad$ h. 12 km 485 m
6. a. $33 \mathrm{~kg} 448 \mathrm{~g} \quad$ b. $12 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{IIOg} \quad$ c. $34 \ell 218 \mathrm{~m} \ell \quad$ d. $19365 \mathrm{~m} \ell$
7. a. $36 \mathrm{~cm} 8 \mathrm{~mm} \quad$ b. $10 \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{950m} \quad$ c. $32 \mathrm{~km} 534 \mathrm{~m} \quad$ d. $552 \mathrm{~g} \quad$ e. $9 \ell 350 \mathrm{~m} \ell$

UNIT 6: SPACE
Mind Teaser pg. 200
6 , obtuse angle
Mind Teaser pg. 205


Accept any reasonable answers.
Mind Teaser pg. 208
$\begin{aligned} \text { Area } R & =\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \text { units } \times 6 \text { units } & \text { Area } S & =\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \text { units } \times 3 \text { units } \\ & =6 \text { units }^{2} & & =6 \text { units }^{2}\end{aligned}$
The area of triangle $R$ and triangle $S$ are equal.
Mind Teaser pg. 210
$24 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
Mind Challenge pg. 214
I. a.
c.

2. a. parallel lines
c. not both
3. a. perimeter $=20 \mathrm{~cm}$ area $=25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
4. a. $1000 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
5. a. (i) $9 \mathrm{~m} \quad$ (ii) $144 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
b.

d.

b. not both
d. perpendicular lines
b. perimeter $=22 \mathrm{~cm} \quad$ c. perimeter $=36 \mathrm{~m}$ area $=24 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ b. $180 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ b. 32 cm

UNIT 7: COORDINATES, RATIO, AND PROPORTION
Mind Teaser pg. 216
K (4, 2)
Mind Teaser pg. 217
$(3,6)$
Mind Teaser pg. 220
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { a. I: } 8 & \text { b. I: } 4\end{array}$
Mind Challenge pg. 231
I a. $x$-axis, $y$-axis, origin

| Place |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Coordinate |  |
| Beach | $(1,4)$ |
| Bird park | $(4,3)$ |
| Museum | $(2,0)$ |
| Hill | $(1,2)$ |
| Airport | $(2,1)$ |
| Recreational forest | $(4,2)$ |
|  |  |

UNIT 8: DATA HANDLING
Mind Teaser pg. 237


Mind Challenge pg. 242
I. Balls Sold by NDS Sports Store

| January | $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| February | $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| March | $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |
| April | $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ |

represents 2 balls

$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { a. } 26 \text { balls } & \text { b. } 6 \text { balls c. RM2 } 400 & \text { a. } 120 \text { stamps } & \text { b. } 150 \text { stamps } & \text { c. } 20 \%\end{array}$
3. a. (i) Merbau, Jati, and Meranti (ii) No, the latest total score is 450 .
b. (i) 9 or more $\quad$ (ii) $34-18-12=4$, proved.

Mind Twister pg. 243
Section A
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { I. B } & \text { 2. B } & \text { 3. C } & \text { 4. C } & \text { 5. B } & \text { 6.B } & \text { 7. B } & \text { 8. D }\end{array}$
Section B
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { I. a. } 1 \text { day } 10 \text { hours } & \text { b. } 68 \text { days } & \text { c. } 78 \text { years } & \text { d. } 29 \text { months } & \text { e. } 503 \text { years }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llll}\text { 2. a. } 73 \mathrm{~mm} & \text { b. } 2050 \mathrm{~m} & \text { c. } 16 \mathrm{~cm} 9 \mathrm{~mm} & \text { d. } 5 \mathrm{~km} 480 \mathrm{~m}\end{array}$
3. a. 18 decades 4 years b. 7 weeks I day c. I day 12 hours d. 6 years 10 months $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 4. a. } 103 \mathrm{~mm} & \text { b. } 4299 \mathrm{~g} & \text { c. } 1965 \mathrm{~m} \ell & \text { d. } 9752 \mathrm{~g} & 5 . \text { a. } 16 \mathrm{~cm} & \text { b. } 24 \mathrm{~cm}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 6. a. } 81 \mathrm{~m}^{2} & \text { b. } 20 \mathrm{~m}^{2} & \text { 7. a. } 60 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} & \text { b. } 10 \mathrm{~m} & \text { 8. a. } 315 \text { pupils }\end{array}$ b. 35 pupils Section C
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { I. a. } 1645 \text { hours } & \text { b. I hour } 30 \text { minutes }\end{array}$
2. a. 2 years I month $\quad$ b. 45 hours
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 3. a. } 12: 15 \text { p.m. } & \text { b. } 1: 30 \text { p.m. }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 4. a. } 33 \mathrm{~cm} 5 \mathrm{~mm} & \text { b. } 7 \mathrm{~mm}\end{array}$
5. a. (i) $K(6,4) \quad$ (ii) $L(2,8)$

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 3. a. I: } 6 & \text { b. } 1: 8 & 4.2 .46 \mathrm{~kg}\end{array}$
5 a. (i) I: 100 (ii) I: 1000 b. 6 kg c. 242 d. Restaurant $(6,2)$ Museum (5, 6) e. I: 4


[^0]:    - Use various problem solving strategies such as drawing diagrams and working backwards.
    - Ask pupils to solve problems in groups and present the calculation work during Gallery Walk.

[^1]:    - Vary the questions using the provided data such as the percentage of trees in the field compared to all trees and the difference between the number of flower plants in several blocks.

[^2]:    8.I.I , centre teacher. Carry out an activity of constructing pictographs and bar charts based on the set of data, as well as interpreting the information.

